

28 September 2021

Paul Jones

By email: fyi-request-16489-b2375a56@requests.fyi.org.nz

Dear Paul

Official Information Act Request: COVID-19 case count

On 24 August 2021 you sent a request for information under the Official Information Act 1982 to the Ministry of Health, who transferred your request to ESR on 31 August 2021. Your request was as follows:

- 1) Provide a breakdown of "Confirmed Active" cases for the "Total since first NZ case" for each of the categorisations used in the definition above being;
- a) PCR validated Specimen, that was NOT weak positive,
- b) PCR validated Specimen, that was weak positive and required second confirmed sampling,
- c) PCR validated Specimen confirmed with SARS-CoV-2 sequencing,
- d) Significant rise in IgG antibody level
- 2) For all "Confirmed Active" cases for the "Total since first NZ case" provide a break down of cases into the following groups;
- a) Asymptomatic cases.
- b) Symptomatic cases
- 3) For the Symptomatic cases at (2) provide a total count of the clinical criteria symptoms, being;
- a) fever (at least 38°C)
- b) new or worsening cough
- c) sore throat
- d) shortness of breath
- e) sneezing and runny nose (coryza)
- f) anosmia (loss of sense of smell) or dysgeusia (altered sense of taste).

Our response to your request:

PCR validated Specimen, that was NOT weak positive

- 2537 cases that did not require a repeat PCR test
- Note: the 2537 cases here is derived from 2698 161 (from (b) below).

PCR validated Specimen, that was weak positive and required second confirmed sampling

 To look at the number of cases for which a second test may have been required to confirm an active infection we have used a definition of a repeat test within two days of the initial positive PCR test. Based on this definition there are 161 cases that have a reported repeat positive PCR test within two days of the first positive test.



PCR validated Specimen confirmed with SARS-CoV-2 sequencing

- Of the 2698 confirmed cases, genomes were obtained for 1803.
- Note: whole genome sequencing is not used as a diagnostic test.

Significant rise in IgG antibody level

- 12 of the 2698 cases are reported as having a significant rise in IgG antibody level between paired sera.
- Note: serology is not being used as a confirmatory diagnostic test. All of these cases were diagnosed with PCR test.

Asymptomatic cases

- 653 cases

Symptomatic cases*

- 2012 cases
- * Symptomatic cases include 1911 cases who were symptomatic at diagnosis + 101 cases who were asymptomatic at diagnosis but later developed symptoms

Unknown

- 33 cases

Breakdown of symptomatic cases

Symptoms	Number of symptomatic cases*
Fever	921
Cough	1354
Sore Throat	829
Shortness of Breath	425
Coryza	814
Anosmia	519
Dysgeusia	21

^{*} Symptomatic cases from (2) above, cases may have reported multiple symptoms.



Your right to seek a review

You have the right to seek an investigation and review by the Ombudsman of this decision. Information about how to make a complaint is available at www.ombudsman.parliament.nz or freephone 0800 802 602.

Thank you for your request.

Yours sincerely

Jill Vintiner

Joint General Manager Health and Environment Group - Health ESR