9 May 2012

Alex Harris

Via email: fyi-request-170-373d3a87@requests.fyi.org.nz

Dear Sir

REQUEST TO GAMBLING COMMISSION

- We refer to your email dated 20 April 2012 under the Official Information Act 1982, 1. amended by email dated 4 May. You requested the following:
 - The last host responsibility report filed by SkyCity; and (a)
 - (b) any correspondence, advice, or other documents relating to it.
- 2. We attach the Report to the Gambling Commission for the 12 months ending 31 December 2011.
- 3. There was no correspondence, advice, or other documents relating to the above.

Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours faithfully

Blair Cairncross

Executive Director Gambling Commission

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SKYCITY Auckland Host Responsibility Programme

Report to the Gambling Commission for the 12 months ending
31 December 2011

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1. Introduction

This is SKYCITY Casino Management Limited's (SCML) seventh report on the implementation of its Host Responsibility Programme (HRP) and Problem Gambler Identification (PGID) Policy.

This report highlights key HRP-related activities undertaken in the 12 months to 31 December 2011.

As noted in SCML's previous reports to the Commission, the HRP and its related obligations are now well established at Auckland Casino. The 12 months to 31 December 2011 was therefore once again a period of largely 'business as usual' activities.

SCML is pleased with its progress in implementing the HRP and believes the profile and calibre of its host responsibility performance has improved significantly since the revised HRP took effect in December 2007.

Appendix 1 of the report contains the gambling-related measures required by section 3 of the HRP.

2. Key areas of activity

2.1 Use of loyalty data for host responsibility purposes

In September 2011 SCML presented to the Commission about the development of a predictive modelling tool (or algorithm) to help facilitate the identification of high risk customers vulnerable to problem gambling.

The tool will provide SCML with a significantly more rigorous, research-based means of analysing casino data than is currently set out in its HRP and in doing so, will further improve the company's harm minimisation and prevention capability.

The predictive modelling tool is significant from a public policy perspective because the analysis of casino data for harm minimisation purposes has been a subject of strong interest among regulators, academics and industry practitioners internationally. Only two other casinos in the world use this type of predictive modelling software to help them identify at-risk customers.

Focal Research, a Canadian research and data analytics consultancy, developed the tool for SCML. They are highly respected internationally in both the gambling research and data analytics fields.

SCML is currently embedding the model into its loyalty database and completing other pilot phase implementation activities such as staff training and designing reporting systems. SCML looks forward to updating the Commission on the model's implementation in 2012.

2.2 Data collection and analysis

In 2011 SCML saw a continued increase in the quantity of host responsibility related information reported. This trend has been discussed widely in previous reports to the Commission. The two notable statistics which best illustrate this trend are the number of customers about whom there have been observations (Measure 2 – up 24% in 2011 over 2010) and the number of observed indicators reported to Host Responsibility (Measure 3 – up 97% in 2011 over 2010).

SCML believes the reasons for these increases are several and include better reporting systems, notably the iTrak incident reporting software, and a general improvement in understanding among staff about recognising problem gambling indicators and the importance of reporting them. SCML is therefore pleased with these reported increases.

It is important to note that an increase in reported host responsibility observations does not necessarily mean an increase in gambling harm. In fact the number of customers about whom there have been observations includes casual staff interactions with customers. These conversations may in some cases be sufficient to prevent the onset of harm, as is their purpose.

Nevertheless it is important that staff note observations so that should further indicators be observed over time, staff are better placed to make appropriate judgements about what action to take.

2.3 Unaccompanied Children

SCML is disappointed with the increase in the number of reported unaccompanied children incidents in 2011 (42) compared with 2010 (34) – refer to Measure 25 on page 13.

In response to the increase, SCML has instigated a number of measures over the last 12 months to assist in either preventing or quickly identifying instances of children being left unattended.

- Measures undertaken:

- Directed security patrols of known risk areas, including two dedicated security staff to patrol the car park 24 hours per day, seven days a week as well as an increased security presence in the atrium area during school holidays. These initiatives have been costly but are a pragmatic response to the increase in the number of incidents.
- Hotel booking sheets have been amended to include a 'check box' question for staff to note those guests checking in with children
- A dedicated wing in the SKYCITY Hotel has been designated for families to enable closer monitoring
- A brochure (available in four languages) explaining SCML's policy about children on site is handed to persons with children upon check-in
- Hotel staff have been trained to remind guests about child-minding services available through the concierge
- Additional signage in atrium areas reminding customers not to leave children unaccompanied
- The loyalty upgrade process is no longer undertaken during school holidays

SCML notes that levels two and three of the atrium area are designated as R18 after 7pm on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays and during other busy periods.

- Statistics

SCML has changed the reporting of unaccompanied children to include only those incidents where the parent or guardian was gambling or in the casino at the time a child was left alone. This method of reporting is consistent with what we are now reporting to the Department of Internal Affairs (DIA).

2.4 Staff training and responsible service of alcohol

SCML has invested in a new online learning management system. The online training tool is used for a range of department-specific training as well as the introductory Host Responsibility Level 1 (HR1) and Responsible Service of Alcohol (RSA) training module for all new staff. SCML's Host Responsibility designed both modules. Learning & Development staff are available to assist staff in completing the online module that may have language difficulties or computer literacy issues.

A classroom-based half-day induction workshop (called 'Welcome') is still provided to all new staff during which host responsibility content from the e-learning module is covered along with other important policies, procedures and briefing information.

SCML's Host Responsibility team continued to make improvements to the content of both the Host Responsibility Level 2 (HR2) training (for selected staff and supervisor level employees in Gaming, Food & Beverage and Security & Surveillance) and Level 3 (HR3) training for management staff in contact with customers. HR2 training now incorporates a greater emphasis on the prevention of gambling and alcohol-related harm while problem

gambling service providers have been invited to present at various HR3 courses. These changes have been well received by staff.

Results of SCML's Host Responsibility 'mystery shopper' programme, as outlined in the December 2010 report, show staff are complying with ID checking procedures. The programme continues to be a useful tool in identifying areas for staff development.

- Responsible service of alcohol

SCML's bar staff have a process for recording the occasions when they slow or stop the service of alcohol to customers and offer food and non-alcoholic beverages. This proactive initiative, strengthened by the rigour of the reporting process and widened to include all casino bars in 2011, is intended to prevent intoxication and reduce the number of customers who leave or are evicted from the premises intoxicated.

The police's Alcohol Harm Reduction team has praised this initiative. SCML is not aware of any other licensed premises where similar initiatives are in place.

- Police Alcohol Harm Reduction team

The police's Alcohol Harm Reduction team (based in central Auckland) carried out random inspections at SCML during the reporting period. No issues of concern were identified. SCML also received visits from the District Licensing Authority throughout 2011 and they provided positive feedback on the business's compliance with licensing requirements.

As outlined in SCML's previous report to the Commission, the police's licensing team continue to meet regularly with SCML's Host Responsibility executives and attend various staff training sessions. This input from police is important to SCML and is well received by staff.

2.5 Other areas of interest

- Stakeholder engagement

Stakeholder engagement activities continued to be an important role of SCML's Host Responsibility executives and corporate staff during the 2011 calendar year.

SCML hosted site tours for a number of problem gambling service providers including Problem Gambling Foundation Asian Family Services, Problem Gambling Foundation, Raukura Hauora, Tupu Pacific Services and Oasis (Salvation Army). SCML staff also visited the Gambling Helpline and Hapai Te Hauora Tapui, a regional Maori public health provider. Service providers indicate the site tours help improve their understanding of the casino's exclusion interview process as well as SCML's efforts in identifying and assisting problem gamblers, for example, how SCML uses confidential information it receives from third parties/concerned others about potential problem gamblers.

SCML maintains a strong and constructive relationship with the AUT's Gambling Research and Addictions Centre. Several academic staff from AUT visited SCML's table games training room and casino to learn more about various gaming products. SCML's Host Responsibility team made a presentation at AUT in 2011 about various HRP-related data.

SCML continues to convene Host Responsibility Community Liaison Group meetings. These are typically well attended by various service providers and DIA and provide a forum for discussion about a range of operational matters concerning SCML's host responsibility capability. SCML's Host Responsibility team were also invited to present at an Asian service providers' forum. Feedback was very positive.

SCML recognises the importance of these relationships for maintaining and building its reputation but more specifically as a means of increasing awareness and understanding of how it is fulfilling its responsibilities to prevent and minimise gambling harm.

- Multi Venue Exclusion (MVE)

The Salvation Army Oasis Centre has been charged by DIA and the Ministry of Health with carrying out a facilitation role in the MVE process in which it ensures all necessary exclusion documentation is sent to the gambling venue(s) elected by the excluding person.

Thirty six SCML customers elected to complete a Multi Venue Exclusion (MVE) in the year to 31 December 2011. The majority of these elect to exclude from Class 4 venues. SCML received three requests during 2011 for exclusion from persons who have elected in the first instance a MVE from a Class 4 venue or other non-SKYCITY-managed casino. SCML anticipates this number will grow as further MVE schemes are established around the country and gambling venues become more familiar with them.

SCML will continue to provide feedback to the Commission on this initiative.

- Employee Engagement Survey

In May 2011 SKYCITY commissioned another company-wide engagement survey to gauge employees' opinions and attitudes about SKYCITY as an employer. The survey included questions about host responsibility, including employee gambling-related harm.

Like previous surveys, the results regarding employee perceptions about host responsibility were very positive and indicate a strong positive correlation between employees' feeling about SCML's host responsibility performance and positive employee engagement. In other words, SKYCITY's ability or reputation as a responsible host may have a 'halo' effect on employees' overall impressions of the company as an employer. SCML is pleased with these results.

More commentary about the survey is shown in the commentary to Measure 23 on page 14.

- Bally gaming management system implementation

In 2011 SCML obtained approval from DIA to install a new gaming management system from a US gaming software company called Bally. The Bally system (to be installed at SCML in 2012) contains a range of promotional features which DIA approved for use by SCML on the condition that it assesses each promotional mechanic from a host responsibility perspective and provides an audit trial of such assessments.

SCML already assesses all gambling promotions from a host responsibility perspective as part of an internal approval process and as such does not foresee any difficulties in complying with DIA's requests relating to Bally promotions.

SCML will update the Commission on the implementation of the Bally software and any related host responsibility matters in due course.

- Re-entry conditions

As noted in SCML's December 2010 report, a proposal to change the number of counselling sessions an excluded customer must complete before being considered for 're-entry' (that is, permission from SCML to re-enter the casino's gaming areas after the expiry of their exclusion period) was under discussion between the casino and members of the Problem Gambling Community Liaison Group.

A decision was made to leave re-entry conditions unchanged, that is customers must show evidence they have completed a minimum of six counselling sessions. One option was to not specify the minimum number of counselling sessions but instead leave it open for counsellors and their clients to decide what was best for them. Opinions among service providers were varied about such a proposal.

SCML will review the matter again at a later date and keep the Commission informed about any changes.

Appendix 1: Reporting Measures

	MEASURE	SOURCE	DESCRIPTION	RESULT		
1	Casino expenditure	DIA	Actual dollars (non-inflation adjusted) for Gaming operators' financial year-end	\$434m for the 30 June 2011.		
				20. 57		
2	Number of customers about whom there have been observations	SKYCITY	The total number of SKYCITY customers who have been observed showing one or more signs of problem gambling. These observations are reported in iTrak from a range of sources including shift reports, emails, phone calls, host responsibility logs, the unattended children log and other internal reporting mechanisms such as the log of unpaid parking fees.	2008 H1 2008 H2 2009 H1 2009 H2 2010 H1 2010 H2 2011 H1 2011 H2	308 353 325 508 822 1256 1233 1349	
3	Number of observed indicators reported to Host Responsibility	SKYCITY	Total number of observed indicators of problem gambling reported in iTrak from a range of sources including shift reports, emails, phone calls, host responsibility logs, the unattended children log and other internal reporting mechanisms such as the log of unpaid parking fees.	2008 H1 2008 H2 2009 H1 2009 H2 2010 H1 2010 H2 2011 H1 2011 H2	517 537 455 715 984 1498 1445 1499	
4	Number of approaches to SKYCITY by third parties	SKYCITY	Number of people approaching SKYCITY with concerns about a customer ie, triggering the creation of a GOI file and a SKYCITY (third party) exclusion investigation.	2008 H1 2008 H2 2009 H1 2009 H2 2010 H1 2010 H2 2011 H1 2011 H2	22 41 23 26 36 32 41 36	
	Commentary	External third party inquiries from 1 January – 31 December 2011 resulted in 53 exclusions (35 self-exclusions and 18 SKYCITY-exclusions), up from a total of 32 (13 self-exclusions and 19 SKYCITY-exclusions) in 2010. Demographics of those customers about whom a third party approached SKYCITY during the reporting period were: males 62%, females 36% (remaining 2% is unknown, for example, gender was unclear from a name provided and no other records were available). Chinese and Caucasian remain the dominant ethnicities. The majority of customers were in the 50-59 years age group.				

5 Number of problem gamblers identified (in the first instance) by requests for exclusion or forthright disclosure, compared to the	SKYCITY	SKYCITY or the family member requesting so 2) "Self-iden self-exclude	ridentified prought to er) and of elf-exclusion tified": The and/or pro-	": Those who SKYCITY's a fered informa on; ose who apple oactively ackr	ttention by a ation and ass roached SKYO nowledged th	vely identified by third party (eg, a istance, prior to CITY and asked to at they had a naving identified
number of problem gamblers identified by the casino		2008 H1 2008 H2 2009 H1 2009 H2 2010 H1 2010 H2 2011 H1 2011 H2	Total 159 183 149 137 170 184 172 206	SKYCITY identified 54 18 19 12 38 55 53 68	Self identified 105 138 129 118 129 119 107	Externally identified - 27 1 7 3 10 12

6 Number of customers on	SKYCITY	Number of customers on Table Games and Gaming Machines Host Responsibility logs				
incident				Gaming	Table	
spreadsheet			Total	machines	games	
		2008 H1	223	157	66	
		2008 H2	164	74	90	
		2009 H1	164	71	93	
		2009 H2	228	38	190	
		2010 H1	324	117	207	
		2010 H2	367	147	220	
		2011 H1	360	154	206	
		2011 H2	446	239	207	
Commentary	SKYCITY p Number of	roposes removi customers abo	ng this me ut whom t	easure as it is there have be	a subset of mea en observations	sure 2)

7 Number of Gambler of Interest (GOI) files by ethnicity, gender, age and preferred mode of gambling.	SKYCITY	Number of active GOI files (i.e. files that are currently open/under investigation) with breakdowns by ethnicity, gender, age and preferred mode of gambling (table games or gaming machines), as at end of the period.	2008 H1 2008 H2 2009 H1 2009 H2 2010 H1 2010 H2 2011 H1 2011 H2	85 87 57 72 75 82 47 71
Commentary	reporting p December period (this figures incl the year. As SCML m when inves	above reflect the number of GOI files open of eriod. In total, 190 files were opened betwee 2011. 193 GOI files were investigated and class includes files that were already open on 31 sude customers that may have become a GOI have not have established detailed information stigations are at an early stage) there are a stablished, age and preferred mode of gambling	en 1 January and osed during the December 2010 more than once on all GOIs (esmall number of	d 31 same). The during

Split of open Gambler of Interest files by demographics and preferred game (for the full 2011 calendar year)

7.1	Open GOIs by ethnici	ty
	Chinese	52
	Caucasian	19
	Korean	4
	Vietnamese	4
	Thai	3
	Malaysian	1
	Other Asian	1
	Maori	4
	Samoan	0
	Other Pacific Islander	0
	Indian	5
	Middle Eastern	2
	Other	23
	Total	118

7.2	Open GOIs by age	
	20 - 29	14
	30 - 39	21
	40 - 49	33
	50 - 59	34
	60+	16
	Total	118

7.3	Male	75
	Female	43

	Total	118
	Unknown	9
	Table games and machines	30
	Gaming machines	28
7.4	Table games	51

8 Number of approaches to customers to offer information about self-exclusion	SKYCITY	Total number of times information about self-exclusion has been given or mailed to customers and third parties, including instances where people declined to accept the information.	2008 H1 2008 H2 2009 H1 2009 H2 2010 H1 2010 H2 2011 H1 2011 H2	263 457 402 523 580 562 535 488
Commentary	SCML colla about exclu (containing provider co	is measure remains challenging to collect. tes this measure by aggregating 'approaches usion' where procedures mandate that host respondences on exclusion options and problem entact details) are provided to customers. that this figure is underestimated as it does used to detail the customer has been informally prochures.	sponsibility pac gambling servi not include casu	cks ce ual

9	Number of Exclusions by:	SKYCITY	Self and SKY	CITY exc	lusions		
	EthnicityGenderAge			Total	Prompted by 3rd parties	Following re-entry	Re- exclusion
	 Preferred mode 		2008 H1	168	9	22	15
	of gambling		2008 H2	260	27	24	46
	(tables/EGMs)		2009 H1	227	8	9	36
	 Prompted by third party 		2009 H2	232	16	1	79
	disclosures		2010 H1	244	10	25	34
	Exclusion type		2010 H2	279	22	11	63
	(self-SKYCITY)		2011 H1	251	24	5	58
	 Following re- entry 		2011 H2	293	8	12	64

9.1		Total	Self-exclusion	SKYCITY
	2009 H2	232	194	38
	2010 H1	244	190	54
	2010 H2	279	206	73
	2011 H1	251	186	65
	2011 H2	293	202	91

9.2	Male	193
	Female	100

9.3 Exclusions by Ethnicity

	Chinese	Caucasian	Korean	Vietnamese	Тһаі	Malaysian	Other Asian	Maori/Other Pacific Islander	Tongan	Samoan	Indian	Middle Eastern	Other
2008 H1	57	33	18	5	6	7	6	11	0	0	4	7	14
2008 H2	99	43	27	9	7	1	19	11	0	0	15	9	20
2009 H1	84	35	22	5	4	4	9	18	3	2	14	11	16
2009 H2	79	49	11	8	0	0	20	23	1	8	15	11	6
2010 H1	91	43	14	6	6	0	19	17	3	4	25	8	8
2010 H2	95	40	21	7	6	3	19	21	11	0	31	16	9
2011 H1	71	31	20	7	11	0	5	19	5	11	25	4	42
2011 H2	81	38	18	8	12	4	3	16	4	8	35	4	62

9.4 Exclusions by Age

	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	Unknown
2008 H1	41	49	37	31	9	1
2008 H2	87	62	61	40	10	0
2009 H1	79	48	47	37	14	2
2009 H2	69	55	64	30	10	4
2010 H1	77	53	65	37	12	0
2010 H2	76	71	81	35	16	0
2011 H1	64	54	79	37	17	0
2011 H2	91	49	74	54	24	1

9.4 Exclusions by Mode

		Gaming		
	Tables	machines	Both	Unknown
2008 H1	83	51	27	7
2008 H2	160	40	56	4
2009 H1	131	45	49	2
2009 H2	99	52	48	33
2010 H1	130	37	29	48
2010 H2	132	56	61	30
2011 H1	101	66	56	28
2011 H2	110	54	66	63

10	Number of customers participating in Agreed Limitation	SKYCITY	Customers participating in VIP Agreed Limitation arrangements over the reporting period and at its conclusion, ie including those whose arrangements concluded during the reporting period.	2008 H1 2008 H2 2009 H1 2009 H2 2010 H1 2010 H2 2011 H1 2011 H2	10 4 7 6 9 8 7 5
				Time-out period 3 months 6 months 9 months	Customers 2 3 0

11 Number of	SKYCITY			Agreeing to		
excluded			Exclusions	be contacted	%	
customers		2008 H1	168	29	17%	
agreeing to be		2008 H2	260	70	27%	
contacted by		2009 H1	227	56	25%	
help services on exclusion form		2009 H2	232	31	13%	
exclusion form		2010 H1	244	29	12%	
		2010 H2	279	41	15%	
		2011 H1	251	37	15%	
		2011 H2	293	41	14%	
Commentary	mentor. This of January 2011 to While SCML end from problem goustomer. It should also be services independent.	SCML also tracks the number of exclusions in which customers nominated a mentor. This occurred in 164 of the 544 exclusions (30%) for the period 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2011. While SCML encourages customers during the exclusion process to seek help from problem gambling service providers, ultimately this is a decision for the customer. It should also be noted that excluded customers may contact counselling services independently after their exclusion and SCML would not be notified. Also, as part of SCML's re-entry conditions, excluded customers are required to				

12 Numbers of new and total clients citing casino gambling (by CGMs and tables as the primary mode who utilis Gambling Helpline and/or	Health (Reference: The latest service user statistics by gambling mode published by the Ministry of Health are shown on their website: http://www.health.govt.nz/our-work/preventative-health-wellness/problem-gambling/service-user-data/intervention-client-data
face-to-face counselling services, by: Gamblers Significant others Mean SOGS	Commentary	The Ministry of Health no longer reports service user data as shown in this particular measure (12) or in measure 13 (average South Oaks Gambling Screen scores). The only service user data now reported by MoH by gambling mode is the total number of clients (both new and continuing) that have received support for their own, or someone else's gambling.
scores Ethnicity Gender Age Self-reporte	d	SKYCITY recommends that this measure be removed from the HRP, as mentioned in its previous six monthly reports to the Commission. SKYCITY will further discuss this and other recommended changes in separate submissions to the Commission regarding the review of SCML's HRP.

13 Average South	Measure deleted. Refer to commentary in measure 12 above.
Oaks Gambling	
Screen scores	

14	Number of breaches of exclusion by ethnicity, gender and age	SKYCITY	first and final prior to the be exclusions for	self- and SKYCITY- (third party) exclusions including I warnings. Includes breaches of exclusions issued beginning of the reporting period and inactive or which a customer has not yet satisfied SKYCITY re ons and therefore not been granted permission to hing areas.			
				Total breaches	Male	Female	
			2008 H1	110	Male	remaie	
			2008 H2	137	112	25	
			2009 H1	121	77	44	
			2009 H2	162	119	43	
			2010 H1	210	162	48	
			2010 H2	190	144	46	
			2011 H1	182	119	63	
			2011 H2	163	121	42	

Split of breaches of exclusion by type, age and ethnicity (for the full 2011 year)

14.1	Breach of Exclusion (Self-ID)	72
	Breach of Exclusion (SKYCITY)	26
	Breach of Re-entry conditions	147
	Breach of RTLP	30
	Breach of Trespass	34
	Breach of First & Final	36
	Total	345

	Total	345
	Unknown	
	60+	15
	50 - 59	63
	40 - 49	100
	30 - 39	85
14.3	20 - 29	82

14.2	Chinese	128
	Caucasian	46
	Korean	22
	Vietnamese	15
	Thai	8
	Malaysian	3
	Other Asian	13
	Maori / Polynesian	13
	Samoan	4
	Other Pacific Islander	1
	Indian	32
	Middle Eastern	10
	Other	50
	Total	345

15	Number of successful and	SKYCITY				Under
	unsuccessful			Accepted	Rejected	consideration
1	applications to		2008 H1	51	7	
	re-enter		2008 H2	62	10	
	following exclusion		2009 H1	46	9	
	exclusion		2009 H2	52	14	1
			2010 H1	67	25	5
			2010 H2	60	15	0
			2011 H1	52	20	1
			2011 H2	52	15	3

15.1 Declined re-entries by type

	Total	Insufficient counselling	Still at risk	Time not met	Breach in past 6 months	RTLP active	No application form	Undesirable	Further information obtained	None noted
2008 H2	10	2	2	2	0	1		3	0	2
2009 H1	9	3	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	2
2009 H2	14	4	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	5
2010 H1	25	4	0	2	1	5	2	0	0	11
2010 H2	15	4	0	2	1	2	2	0	4	0
2011 H1	20	7	0	2	0	4	2	0	3	2
2011 H2	15	2	0	2	1	4	2	1	2	1

16	The extent to which customers have been assisted	SKYCITY	SCML's in-house 'mystery shopper' surveys of host responsibility performance such as customer identification-checking procedures show a high level of compliance.
	(drawing, inter alia, on		Staff perceptions of SCML's host responsibility performance were measured in a company-wide employee engagement
	feedback from customers and staff)		survey. The results were very positive (refer to section 2.5 and measure 23) and are consistent with surveys in previous years.

17	Number of	SKYCITY	2008 H1	2	
	persons		2008 H2	0	
	trespassed or		2009 H1	0	
	required to leave for making		2009 H2	0	
	loans for		2010 H1	0	
	financial gain		2010 H2	0	
	aga		2011 H1	0	
			2011 H2	0	

18	Number of	SKYCITY		Declined entry	Evicted	
	Under the		2008 H1	2000	182	
	Influence (UTI)		2008 H2	2016	227	
	incidents	1	2009 H1	1506	83	
			2009 H2	2336	184	
			2010 H1	2236	146	
			2010 H2	3161	259	
		1	2011 H1	2756	217	
			2011 H2	3051	240	
	Commentary	SCML is taking a number of steps to prevent intoxication on its premis to section 2.4). The number of customers denied entry due to intoxical outside of SCML's control and may be a function of visitation (for example higher numbers during the Christmas season) and the number of even around Auckland's CBD. However, it appears the Rugby World Cup did contribute to an increase in either statistics noted above because both were higher in the corresponding period (2H 2010).				

	r of Police	NZ Police	Alcolink survey results	2007 H2	57			
	ts citing			2008 H1	22			
SKYCIT				2008 H2	13			
venue v	wnere ist drink			2009 H1	14			
was se				2009 H2	34			
was se				2010 H1	24			
				2010 H2	23			
				2011 H1	21			
				2011 H2	35			
Comme	entary	6 of the 56 incidents in 2011 were noted as relating to 'extreme' levels intoxication, the category of most concern to the police. In 13 of the 50 incidents, SKYCITY initiated the police attending an incident.						
		Police continu results and SI	Police continue to provide positive feedback to SCML regarding the AlcoLink results and SKYCITY staff members continue to be vigilant around RSA.					

20 HR1, HR2, HR3 and Refresher Training courses. Number of staff who need to be trained in each category, and proportion of those staff that	SKYCITY	HR Level 1 (induction) HR Level 2 – classroom HR Level 3	Qualifying for training 2813 391 95	% trained 87% 82% 84%
have completed the appropriate level training.	Refresher train staff needing tool v	ning is undertaken on an as ne training and percentages traine will assist in keeping track of wh wer, courses will continue to be	d are not shown. nen staff are due	SCML's new e- for refresher

21 Staff recall of knowledge and behaviours related to Host Responsibility and associated policies and procedures	 HR1: As noted in section 2.4, HR1 is now delivered as an elearning module. Staff must answer at least 80% of the course assessment correctly before they can complete the training. Staff are able to re-sit the module as required. HR2: All participants completing HR2 take a knowledge recall test one month after completing the course. All staff who completed the course in 2011 passed the recall test with a number of staff scoring 100%. Any instances where a weak point in knowledge is clear, a manager is notified and these areas are discussed further in a one to one tutorial session. HR3: Knowledge recall is not required for HR3.
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22	Staff perceptions of the effectiveness of training	SKYCITY	 HR1 Evaluations: New staff members continue to provide positive feedback regarding the host responsibility policies and procedures learnt at the Welcome course. The new e-learning module (to be completed before the Welcome course) is also assisting with recall and knowledge of host responsibility/RSA content such as indicators, legal obligations, policies and procedures covered during induction presentations. Course evaluation sheets from Welcome courses during 2011 show staff rate the overall usefulness of the course as 3.6 out of a possible 4. HR2 Evaluations: Feedback from staff who attended HR2 courses (and their managers) continues to show the training is highly valued. Anecdotal observations by Host Responsibility staff suggest staff are more confident about recognising and reporting problem gambling indicators and interdepartmental communication has improved. HR3 Evaluations: Staff feedback shows the training overall was rated "very good" (4) or "excellent" (5) and the inclusion of treatment service providers was rated either "adequate" (3) or "very good" (4).
			9000 (17)

23 Staff perceptions of the effectiveness of the Employee Gambling Harm Programme, reporting to the Commission to	SKYCITY	In May 2011 SKYCITY commissioned another company-wide engagement survey to gauge employees' opinions and attitudes about SKYCITY as an employer. The survey included questions about host responsibility, including employee gambling-related harm. The response rate to the survey among SCML employees was 74%, compared to 70% in 2010 and 71% the year prior.
include percentage response rate of staff to the survey		Like previous surveys, the results regarding employee perceptions about host responsibility were very positive. Responses to three out of the four host responsibility-related questions were in the top five of all 58 questions in the survey, the same result as 2010 and 2009.
		Analysis of the survey by the independent research company results showed that responses to the statement "I believe SKYCITY is a responsible host" was one of the top five drivers or determinants of whether or not an employee is engaged in their job and had a 78% favourable response from all employees. This indicates a strong positive correlation between employees' feeling about SCML's host responsibility performance and positive employee engagement. In other words, SKYCITY's ability or reputation as a responsible host may have a 'halo' effect on employees' overall impressions of the company as an employer.

24	Number of internal and external underage	SKYCITY	on gaming flo	Number of underage (or unable to prove age) customers found on gaming floor and number of underage (or unable to prove age) persons declined entry.				
	incidents			Found on gaming floor	Declined casino entry			
				-				
			2008 H1	11	19,776			
			2008 H2	6	21,003			
		1	2009 H1	1	18,566			
			2009 H2	5	19,397			
			2010 H1	4	19,147			
			2010 H2	2	19,003			
			2011 H1	3	16,140			
			2011 H2	7	16,889			
	Commentary	the casino p	n the context or remises of 13,0 sibility perform	of SKYCITY's avera 000 customers, th ance. SCML takes	erson on the gam age daily visitation e result is indicati s identification che earch as outlined	numbers to ve of strong ecking seriously		

25	Number of unattended	SKYCITY	2008 H1	12 10			
	children		2008 H2				
	ciliat cii		2009 H1	6			
			2009 H2	10			
			2010 H1	13			
			2010 H2	21			
			2011 H1	16			
			2011 H2	26			
	Commentary	Incidents where parents or guardians were visiting the casino while t their child/children unaccompanied.					
		SCML continues to review and assess its performance in this area. As noted in section 2.3, a range of measures has been undertaken to inform and encourage caregivers to remain with children at all times while visiting SKYCITY.					

26	Number of Requirement to	SKYCITY		F Total	Related to breach	
	Leave the		2008 H1	80	48	
	Premises Notices		2008 H2	93	50	
			2009 H1	82	45	
			2009 H2	145	43	
			2010 H1	122	48	
			2010 H2	139	48	
			2011 H1	108	52	
			2011 H2	115	47	
	Commentary	Compared to the number of exclusions currently in force, the number of breaches of exclusion remains relatively low. These figures include instances where an RTLP notice was issued by Security, only to be later revoked in favour of an Exclusion Order issued by Host Responsibility.				