Regulatory stewardship reporting 2020: reporting frameworks

Background

The February 2020 Regulatory Stewardship letter from the Minister of Finance and Associate Minister of Finance (James Shaw) asked departments to:

- periodically update (or publish and periodically update) the information on their websites for each regulatory system, including information on:
 - current or recent reviews of these systems, and findings from system assessments as relevant, and
 - on forward plans for regulatory and operational improvements, which should be updated by 30 April 2020.

The letters note that the information published on each regulatory system will ideally be linked to the websites of other agencies with important roles in the particular regulatory system.

The reporting framework

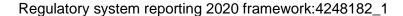
The framework sets out the expected information, and provides guidance on the type of information sought. While we expect departments to provide the requested information, you don't need to follow the order or the formatting, and don't be constrained to only providing the requested information. Please take the opportunity to include additional relevant information that is not covered by the frameworks.

Publication: Agencies working in the same system will need to discuss and determine whether to publish on one or more websites, and how to create the linkages.

Once your system information is published, please send the link the RQT (<u>regulation@treasury.govt.nz</u>) so that we can reference your information on our regulatory stewardship webpages.

The framework supports the following objectives for the ongoing development of regulatory stewardship:

- Preserving sufficient flexibility to enable stewardship practice to develop in ways that are meaningful to departments, while also providing direction for reporting that is sufficient to enable comparability where appropriate.
- Making information accessible on the state of systems and plans for improvements.
- Integrating regulatory stewardship into business-as-usual departmental management, planning and reporting processes.
- Providing information that helps us identify good practice, monitor progress, and develop advice to the Minister of Finance on the regulatory management system.



Information on each regulatory system for publishing on webpages

Description of the regulatory system		
Requested information	Guidance	
Regulatory system title, objectives and brief description.	Where different agencies have separately identified what is effectively the same regulatory system or parts of the same system, the agencies will need to agree a way forward. Outline what the system is intended to achieve, what is does and how it's done. Indicate the overall significance of the system for New Zealand.	
System portfolios and agencies. How collaboration is promoted between the agencies.	Where policy and regulatory responsibilities are in different agencies there may be more than one portfolio. List agencies (central government, wider state sector, local government, non-government) as relevant, and identify main responsibilities of each agency, ie policy, delivery etc. Outline vehicles/processes to foster collaboration.	
3. Regulated parties and main non-government stakeholders.	Outline who is regulated by the system, who represents the regulated parties, and any other relevant stakeholder groups.	
How the system agencies engage with regulated parties and stakeholders.	Outline vehicles/processes to foster engagement.	
4. Key statutes	This does not have to be an exhaustive list. The PCO-led Access project will require that agencies list secondary instruments on their websites. The system description webpages may be a useful place to locate or link to these lists.	

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Information on the fitness-for-purpose of the system		
Requested information	Guidance	
5. Reviews and/or assessments of the system Indicate when the most recent review and/or assessment was done.* Which agencies and stakeholders were involved and how. When the next review or assessment will be done. *Reviews in this context will generally be significant, and often external or at least previously publicly announced. Assessments may range from preliminary to more comprehensive.	Where there has been a recent and comprehensive review of the system, an assessment is probably not necessary, or may be needed only for aspects of the systems not sufficiently covered by the review, or possibly to provide a high-level update to the review findings. The findings of smaller reviews focused on a particular aspect of the system may provide useful input into a wider system assessment. If reviews are still underway indicate the expected timelines. Outline the kinds of information and processes used in the review or assessment, eg was this an expert group preliminary 'health check' or a more comprehensive formal process? Indicate agencies degree of confidence in the assessment and any plans to improve the assessment processes/information. Given that reviews/assessments are not expected every year, it is useful to indicate when the most recent one was done and when the next is expected.	
Comment against each of the four dimensions of fitness-for-purpose (Annex I). Where there are differences of view between agencies, and/or different views from	We are most interested in your comments against each of the four dimensions, rather than comments on the fitness-for-purpose of the whole system, or traffic lights. Comment on systems issues, risks and mitigations, recent improvements and work underway or planned. If you use traffic lights, please use against dimensions only, rather than against the system as a whole, and please also include comments.	

Information on the fitness-for-purpose of the system		
Requested information	Guidance	
stakeholders please indicate		
this.		

Forward plans for regulatory and operational improvements to the systems		
Requested information	Guidance	
7. Planned regulatory amendments	As relevant, outline how the proposed changes address issues flagged in assessments. Indicate type of consultation opportunities planned and when they are likely to happen, eg discussion paper in late 2019, select committee consideration expected in x." Where no initiatives are planned or underway for the coming year, provide brief comment, eg not current priority because system is small with minimal impacts; resources are required for more urgent and significant work; system has no pressing issues; system improvements implemented recently and these are being given time to bed-in etc.	
8. Key service design and operational changes Brief description of the change and the rationale for change When the change is likely to happen Lead agency	Outline non-regulatory initiatives to improve aspects of the system, eg capability, capacity, delivery methods, guidance. Indicate expected timeline, and any opportunities to engage/be involved as relevant. Provide links to further information if relevant/useful.	

Annex I: Dimensions and guidance for assessing fitness-for-purpose

The dimensions and the guidance are the same as those used for regulatory stewardship reporting since 2017.

Dimensions	Guidance
Effectiveness: To what extent does the system deliver the intended outcomes and impacts?	 This may include looking at elements such as: The nature, incidence and significance of the impacts, intended and otherwise (who it impacts, how and to what extent) The extent of compliance/non-compliance with the system (overall and for different groups) The internal coherence and completeness of the system. Gaps, overlaps or inconsistencies that impact effectiveness. How the system intersects with related regulatory systems and how this impacts effectiveness.
Efficiency: To what extent does the system minimise unintended consequences and undue costs and burdens?	 This may include looking at elements such as: The proportionality of the system; ie how well the burden of rules and their enforcement matches the risks to be mitigated/benefits expected. Burden includes restrictions on rights and freedoms, resource and capability requirements, and ease of administration/use/compliance. How easy or difficult the regulators and the regulated parties find the system to administer/use/comply with. The extent to which the system provides predictability and certainty for regulated parties. The degree to which actual outcomes justify the overall economic, administrative and legislative (rights) costs, including unintended consequences.



Dimensions	Guidance
Durability and resilience: How well does the	This <u>may</u> include looking at elements such as:
system cope with variation, change and pressures?	 The responsiveness of the system to changing context and circumstances, eg changes in the regulated community/technology/wider society, changes in demand (increase or decrease). How well the system enables innovation/takes account of different circumstances where appropriate. The continued relevance of the system objectives, the regulatory or market failure, whether it is still the best way to address the failure/opportunity
Fairness and accountability: How well does the	This <u>may</u> include looking at elements such as :
system respect rights and deliver good process?	How system respects and delivers on the principles of natural
	justice, ie accountability, fair and impartial decision-making, opportunities for those affected by decisions to be heard, and opportunities for review or appeal. The clarity and certainty of the regulatory instruments that underpin the system, and the accessibility and transparency of the requirements. How the system supports public and/or stakeholder participation in system design and improvements.