

Partnership-based Residence visa



Course overview

- Structure of course
- Topics covered
- Breaks
- H&S emergency procedures







Overview of visas based on partnership

- 1. Go to https://www.immigration.govt.nz/new-zealand-visas
- Click Apply for a visa.
- Select Residence from the "Select the visa you'd like to apply for..." dropdown
- 4. Select Family from the "What is your residence based on?" dropdown
- 5. Select Partner of a New Zealander Resident Visa
- 6. Click VIEW VISA DETAILS & APPLY





What is a partnership?

A partnership is defined as two people who are living together for more than 12 months in a **genuine** and **stable** relationship within:

- A legal marriage
- A civil union
- A de facto relationship



- A partnership is genuine if an IO is satisfied that it....
- A partnership is stable if an IO is satisfied that it....





Minimum requirements for recognition of partnership

- Both are aged 18 years or older, or
- If aged 16 years or older and less than 18 years they have the support of the parent(s) or guardian(s) of that (those) party(ies); and
- Have met prior to the date of the application; and
- Not close relatives.

- What two acts in instructions are used to define close relatives?
- What relationship types are listed under the prohibited degrees of marriage or civil union schedules?





Evidence

Evidence should include as much information and as many documents as are necessary to show that:

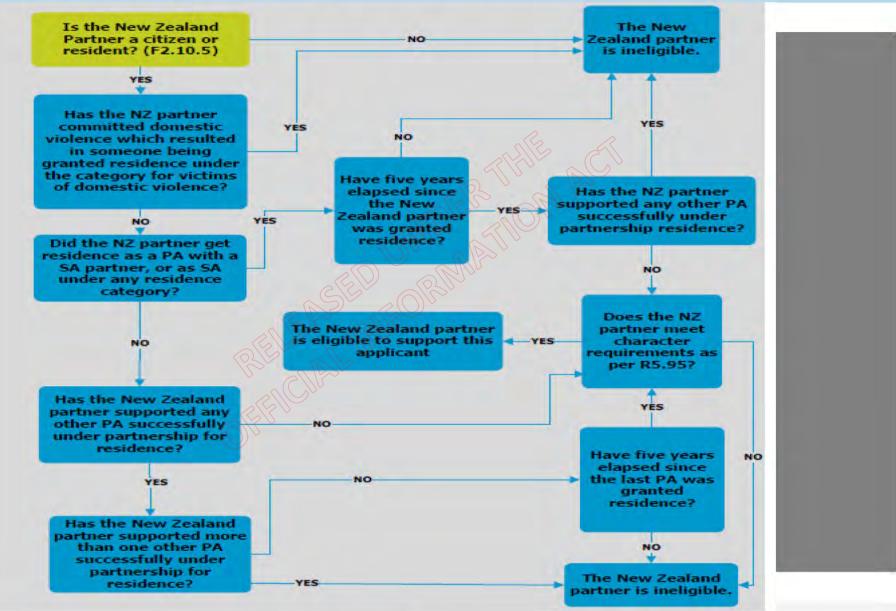
- the principal applicant's partner:
 - is a New Zealand citizen or resident (see <u>F2.10.5</u>); and
 - supports their application for a residence class visa under the Partnership Category; and
 - is eligible to support an application under partnership instructions (see <u>F2.10.10</u>); and
- the principal applicant and their New Zealand citizen or resident partner are living together in a partnership that is genuine and stable.

See also: Resident visas with conditions (F2.40.10)





Supporting Partner - Evidence





Supporting Partner eligibility

Scenario 1

- 9(2)(a) got Residence under the Partnership category on the 1st September 2013. 9(2)(a) was his New Zealand partner and was his SP.
- 9(2)(a) separated in 2015.
- ^{9(2)(a)} is now with 9(2)(a) and is acting as her SP for her application for Residence under the partnership category. 9(2)(a)'s application was submitted on the 20th January 2020.
- Is ^{9(2)(a)} eligible to be a supporting partner?

Scenario 2

- ^{9(2)(a)} is the New Zealand supporting partner for ^{9(2)(a)}. ^{9(2)(a)} was previously convicted for domestic violence.
- Is ^{9(2)(a)} eligible to be a supporting partner?





Comparing visa types

- 1. Go to https://www.immigration.govt.nz/new-zealand-visas
- 2. Click Live permanently
- 3. Click Explore visa options for living permanently
- 4. Select join family from the drop-down
- 5. Select partner from the drop-down
- 6. Select NZ citizen or residence
- 7. Select a country form the scroll bar
- 8. Click **DISPLAY OPTIONS**
- 9. Select up to 3 visa types at a time to compare details
- 10. Select View

Activity:

Use the Explore the options tool to gather information to complete table on next slide.





Differences between partnership-resident and other types of partnership visas

Visa Type	Criteria	Length of stay and activities	Further comments	
Partner of a New Zealander Resident Visa		INDER THE AC		
Partner of a New Zealand Work Visa	RELEASE			
Partner of a New Zealand Visitor Visa				





Assessing an application

Once you have received an application:

- 1. Check all the documents are present as per the Global Process Manual
- 2. Operations Manual

Open the following through the INZkit or from your favourites:

- Global Process Manual (also known as SOPS) From Processing applications click on View
- Visa Assessment Tool (VAT) From Verifying and assessing, scroll down and click Dependent / Partner / Partnership Visa Assessment Tool
- Operations Manual click Residence/Family Categories/Partnership Category





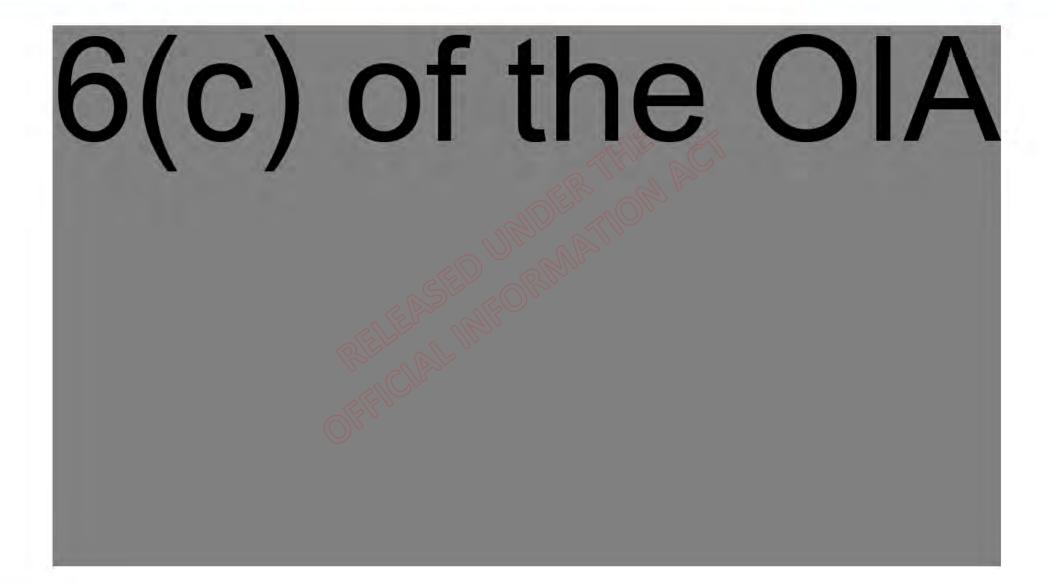
Interviews and Home visits

- Which instruction covers the requirement for an interview or a home visit in residence applications?
- When may an interviewed be waived?
- When may a home visit be conducted and what is the purpose of a home visit?





Interviews and Home visits







Overview of application forms

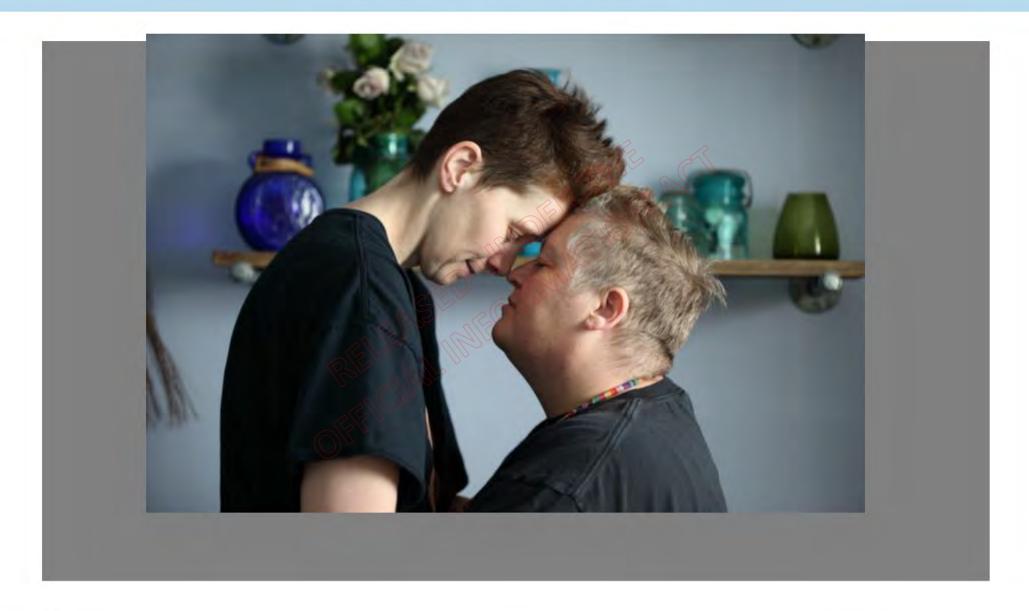
- Residence Application Form (INZ1000)
- Partner and Child Declaration Form (INZ1242)
- Partnership Support (INZ1178)
- Sponsorship Form for Residence (1024)







Unconscious bias







Unconscious bias

40-year age gap but love is true: Man, 24, convinces Immigration NZ marriage to woman, 61, isn't a sham

12 Oct, 2015 5:00am ① 2 minutes to read

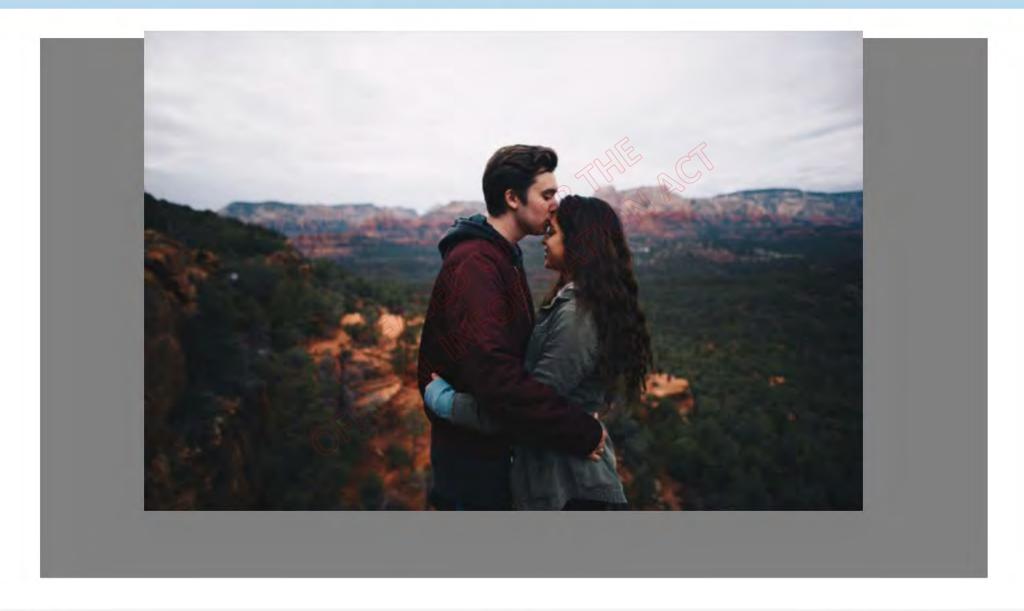








Unconscious bias







S 6(C)

RELEASED UNIDER THE ACT

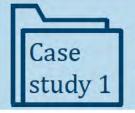


Identity, health and character

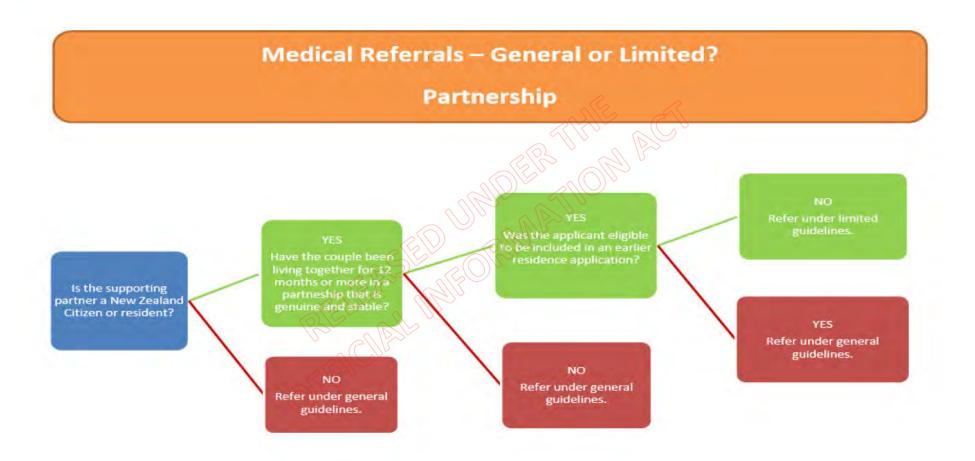
- What information has 9(2)(a) provided in relation to identity?
- What information has 9(2)(a) provided in relation to character?
- What information has 9(2)(a) provided in relation to health?
- Is there any information missing?







Medical Referrals - General or Limited?



Created 18 December 2018





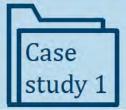


Assessing the supporting partner

- What evidence has 9(2)(a) provided to show his status as a NZ citizen or resident?
- Do you have any concerns in relation to 9(2)(a)'s character or eligibility to support his partner 9(2)(a)?
- Is the SP eligible as per residence instructions <u>F2.10.10</u>?







Partnership evidence – Fourfold test

Credible	Living together
Must be credible in statements made and evidence presented, both together and separately.	Must be living together unless reasons for periods of separation are genuine and compelling, e.g. • family, education, employment commitments • partnership duration and length of time apart • efforts to be together during time apart.
Genuine	Stable
Their reasons for entering a	They must demonstrate that the partnership
partnership and intentions to	is likely to endure.
maintain a long term	
partnership exclusive to others	
must be found to be genuine.	







Partnership evidence – genuine and stable

The onus is on the applicant and partner to prove they are living together in a genuine and stable relationship.

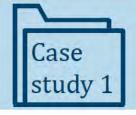
Questions:

Are you satisfied that 9(2)(a) relationship?

are in a genuine and stable

What are the reasons for your answer?



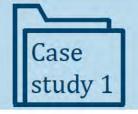


Partnership evidence – living together

Questions: Are you satisfied that 9(2)(a) are living together? What period of time does the evidence cover?







Partnership evidence - credible

- Are you satisfied the relationship is credible?
- Are there any inconsistencies in the information provided?
- What are the reasons for your answers?







Partnership requirements

Question:

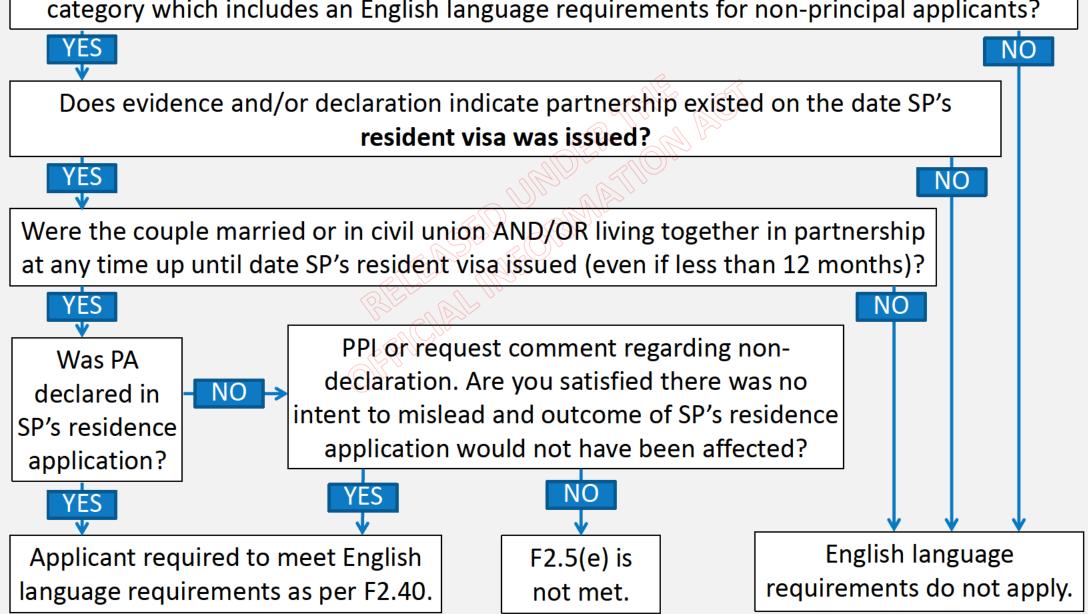
Are you satisfied that the partnership meets the requirements for recognition of partnership (F2.5 and F2.15)?

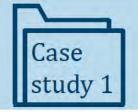




Determining English language requirements

Did SP gain residence under SMC or a Business/Residence From Work/General Skills category which includes an English language requirements for non-principal applicants?



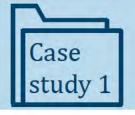


Risk assessment

Questions: Do you need to take any actions to mitigate risk? If so, what actions would you take?







Eligibility for Permanent Residence

- How long does a couple have to be living together in a genuine and stable relationship to meet the requirements for a New Zealand citizen living overseas?
- Is 9(2)(a) eligible for a permanent residence visa for a partner of a New Zealand citizen living overseas? F2.5.1





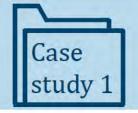


PRV or RV what is the difference?

Visa Type	Residence Status	Conditions	Instructions
Permanent Residence Visa (PRV)		ER THE A	
Residence Visa (RV)	RELEASE	OR BANGETHON	





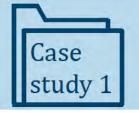


Determining an application

- Have all the requirements for the Partnership Residence visa been met?
- If not, list the requirements and the reasons why they have not been met?







What happens post decision

Immigration & Protection Tribunal Liaison Team(IPTLT) and the Immigration & Protection Tribunal (IPT)

- The IPT deal with appeals on Residence, Deportation (resident and non resident) and Refugee and Protection applications
- The IPTLT liaise between the IPT which is part of the Ministry of Justice (MOJ) and Immigration NZ
- The Immigration Appeals Updates (IAU) is a database administered by the IPTLT.







How the IPTLT can help and useful tips

- The IAU site provides up to date decisions containing current instructions interpretations, access is by request
- IO's are able to search decisions by different criteria including specific instructions
- Ensure the concerns outlined in the PPI letter are the same reasons upon which the decline decision is based
- Concerns not put to the applicant must not be relied on in the final decision
- If further information is requested, a PPI letter should not be sent prior to the expiry of the deadline
- Make it clear to applicants the type of evidence that INZ requires and will accept.







Identity, health and character

- What information has ^{9(2)(a)} provided in relation to identity?
- What information has ^{9(2)(a)} provided in relation to health?
- What information has ^{9(2)(a)} provided in relation to character?
- Is there any information missing?







Assessing the supporting partner

- What visa does 9(2)(a) hold?
- Is 9(2)(a) eligible to support the application?
- What are the reasons for your decision?







Partnership evidence: genuine and stable

- Are you satisfied that 9(2)(a) are in a genuine and stable relationship?
- What are the reasons for your answer?







Partnership evidence: living together

Questions: Are you satisfied that 9(2)(a) are living together? What period of time does the evidence cover?







Partnership evidence: credible

- Are you satisfied the relationship is credible?
- Are there any inconsistencies in the information provided?
- What are the reasons for your answers?







Partnership requirements

Question:

• Are you satisfied that the partnership meets the minimum requirements for recognition of partnership?







Risk assessment

Questions: Do you need to take any actions to mitigate risk? If so, what actions would you take?







Determining an application

- Have all the requirements for the Partnership Residence visa been met?
- If not, what would you do next?







PPI activity

- What instructions have not yet been met and what are the reasons for your concerns?
- Is there any further information you want the applicant or their partner to provide?





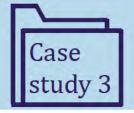


Writing an effective PPI

WALC	What it means	SEEC	What it means
W ell written	Structured and Concise	Statement	State area of concern and / or instruction
A ccurate	The right instructions applied	Explanation	Why you are concerned
Logical	link between evidence & instructions	E vidence	To support your statement
C omplete	All instructions & alerts assessed.	Comment	Concluding statement





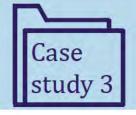


Identity, health and character

- What information has 9(2)(a) provided in relation to identity?
- What information has 9(2)(a) provided in relation to character?
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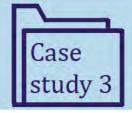


Assessing the supporting partner

- What status is 9(2)(a) ?
- Is Annabel eligible to support the application?
- What are the reasons for your decision?







Partnership evidence – genuine and stable

Questions:

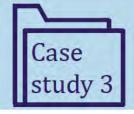
Are you satisfied that 9(2)(a) stable relationship?

are in a genuine and

What are the reasons for your answer?





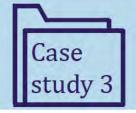


Partnership evidence – living together

Questions: Are you satisfied that 9(2)(a) are living together? What period of time does the evidence cover?





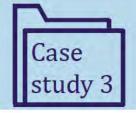


Partnership evidence - credible

- Are you satisfied the relationship is credible?
- Are there any inconsistencies in the information provided?
- What are the reasons for your answers?







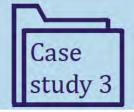
Partnership requirements

Question:

• Are you satisfied that the partnership meets the minimum requirements for recognition of partnership?





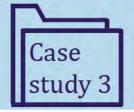


Risk assessment

- List the risks that you have identified
- How did you identify these risks?
- What verification steps would you take?







Determining an application

- Have all the requirements for the Partnership Residence visa been met?
- If not:
 - list the requirements that have not been met and the reasons why
 - o write a sentence about what you would do next.



