



BRIEFING

Next three-year Refugee Resettlement Programme - options

Date:	30 Nov	ember 2015	Priority:	Medium		
Security classification: In Confide		fidence	Tracking number:		1132 15-16	
Action sought	==!				20/16	
		Action sough	t	7	Deadline	MY
Hon Michael Woodhouse Minister of Immigration		Provide feedback on the attached paper 14 December 2016				
Hon Craig Foss Associate Minister of Imn	nigration	Copy attached	for your inform	ation	NA	
Contact for telephone d	liscussio	n (If required)	SHAME			
Name Po	sition	20	Telephone			1st contact
Christine Hyndman	nager, Im	migration	04 901 8575	5	9(2)(a)	✓
Floss Caughey Senior Advisor, Immigration Policy		Policy	04 901 8583			
	The					
The following departme	ents/ager	ncies have beer	n consulted			
Treasury MoJ	[NZTE	☐ MSD	TE	:C	MoE
UMFAY □ MPI		MfE	☐ DIA	☐ TF	rK	МоH
Minister's office to comp	lete:	☐ Approved			☐ Declined	
		☐ Noted			☐ Needs ch	ange
		☐ Seen		Overtaken by Events		n by Events
		☐ See Minister's Notes			☐ Withdrawn	



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Purpose

To advise on options for the next three-year Refugee Resettlement Programme (2016/17 – 2018/19) for your feedback.

Executive Summary

1132 15-16

Pages 2 & 3 withheld under section 9(2)(f)(iv)

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9(2)(f)(iv)

Christine Hyndman

Manager, Immigration Policy

Labour Science and Enterprise

Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment

Hon Michael Woodhouse Minister of Immigration

10/11/2015

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The global refugee situation

1. The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) estimates that over 1,150,000¹ refugees globally are in need of resettlement, which is a 22 per cent increase on its 2014 estimate². The estimated number by region is shown in Table One below. The UNHCR is expected to make a submission to you in early 2016 regarding New Zealand's response to the global refugee situation.

¹This number includes 215,000 in Europe.

² UNHCR Projected Global Resettlement Needs, 2016.

Table One: UNHCR projected refugee resettlement needs by region

Region	Number	Percentage Increase on 2014	Comments
Middle East/North Africa	369,500	13 %	The increase is due to the Syrian conflict.
Africa	396,000	41%	South Sudan, Mali, Nigeria, Central African Republic and Democratic Republic of Congo are the main source of refugees.
Asia	169,500	-3%	A small decrease has resulted from a gradual phase-out of large-scale resettlement operations in Thailand and the fact that Nepalese and Myanmarese nationals are not being registered as refugees in Majaysia.
Americas	7,500	-52%	A large decrease following expanded durable resettlement opportunities for Colombian refugees becoming available in Equator.

New Zealand's current Refugee Quota Programme

From 2018/19, the annual number will revert to 750 if the status quo is maintained

2. The current Refugee Quota Programme has been set at 750 (plus or minus 10 per cent) refugees per annum for decades. On 7 September 2015, Cabinet agreed that New Zealand would resettle 750 Syrian refugees over two and a half years, 600 of them in addition to the annual Refugee Quota [CAB-15-MIN-0057].

\$ 9(2)(A)(V)

According to a recent UNHCR report,³ New Zealand is eighth among resettlement countries in terms of numbers of refugees resettled and seventh in terms of per capita resettlement⁴ (see Annex One). Global refugee resettlement needs, however, vastly outnumber the 80,000 places made available each year by around 30 resettlement countries. Countries neighbouring refugee-producing countries (for example, Lebanon, Turkey and Jordan) bear the greatest burden of providing protection to refugees.

All refugees accepted for the Refugee Quota Programme are priority protection cases

 The refugees resettled in New Zealand under the Refugee Quota are all priority protection cases submitted by the UNHCR to INZ for consideration for resettlement. Table Three shows the annual Refugee Quota by category, as agreed in 2013 [CAB Min (13) 20/15].

³ UNHCR Projected Global Resettlement Needs, 2016.

⁴ These numbers exclude successful asylum claimants.

Table Three: Refugee Quota Programme by category

	General protection	Transferees**	Women at risk	Medical/disabled	Total	
	450*	150**	At least 75	Up to 75	750	

*Includes family reunification places and large-scale refugee crisis situations.

5. The UNHCR submits priority protection cases to resettlement countries using internationally-recognised UNHCR Resettlement Submission categories. To protect the integrity of resettlement to provide protection and a durable solution for the most vulnerable refugees, and to maintain streamlined and efficient processes, the UNHCR does not accept country requests for additional selection criteria which consider "integration potential" for these places.

Most refugee places have been allocated to the Asia-Pacific region

- 6. In 2013, Cabinet decided that, from 2014/15, New Zealand would allocate 150 places within the Refugee Quota to refugees who were subject to Australia's offshore processing legislation (transferees) [CAB Min (13) 20/15]. The remaining 80 per cent of the Refugee Quota would be allocated in the following way: 40 per cent to the UNHCRreferred refugees resettled from the Asia-Pacific region and 40 per cent from the rest of the world (11 per cent from the Middle East, 11 per cent from Africa and 18 per cent from the American region). In practice, the regional allocation has varied from this as a result of subsequent decisions – the reallocation of the unused 150 places for transferees to the Asia-Pacific region and the allocation of the places for large-scale refugee crisis situations to Syrian refugees
- 7. As Table Four shows, the actual percentage of places allocated to the Asia-Pacific region was 63 per cent in 2013/14 and 65 per cent in 2014/15. Family-linked cases only are selected from the Middle East and Africa regions. Due to difficulties in identifying and accessing family-linked cases, the number from the African region is very small.

Actual regional allocation for the Refugee Quotas in 2013/14 and 2014/15

2013/14		2014/15		
Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	
	62	501	65	
	16	163*	22	
17	2	4	1	
146	20	88	12	
			100	
	20 Number 467 120 17 146 750	Number Percentage 467 62 120 16 17 2 146 20	Number Percentage Number 467 62 501 120 16 163* 17 2 4 146 20 88	

^{*}Includes 83 Syrians resettled under places for large-scale refugee crisis situations.

8. Myanmarese, Colombian, Bhutanese, Afghan, Sri Lankan and Syrian people have been among the top five nationalities resettled under the Refugee Quota in 2013/14 and 2014/15.

Table Five: Top five nationalities of refugees resettled in New Zealand

3/14 22 24	Myanmarese Afghan	159 157
		157
91	Bhutanese	96
		83
		76
1	75 10	Syrian

^{**}To date, the places offered to Australia for refugees subject to Australian offshore processing legislation have been reallocated to UNHCR-referred refugees.

Pages 7-15 withheld under section 9(2)(f)(iv)

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Annex One: Per Capita Resettlement by Country of Resettlement in 2014 (UNHCR)

Country of resettlement	Persons resettled in 2014	Population per refugees resettled
Australia	6,162	3,636
Norway	1,188	4,117
Canada	7,233	4,718
Finland	1,011	5,310
Sweden	1,407	6,267
United States of America	48,911	6,384
New Zealand	632	6,911
Liechtenstein	5	7200
Denmark	332	16,720
Luxembourg	28	18,143
Netherlands	743	22,362
Germany	3,483	23,945
Austria	269	31,234
Ireland	98	45,592
Switzerland	139	56,338
Uruguay	()62	64,846
Iceland	4	79,500
United Kingdom	628	98,831
France	378	167,278
Belgrum	32	341,906
Romania	44	496,841
Portugal	14	756,429
Spain	30	1,539,400
Argentina	21	1,922,571
Hungary	4	2,503,750
Czech Republic	4	2,638,500
Republic of Korea	14	3,461,000
Brazil	44	4,436,591
	23	5,537,087
Japan Mexico	1	117,886,000

Source: UNHCR Projected Global Resettlement Needs, 2016