

Multi-storey buildings S1 POP

Multi-storey buildings policy

This policy describes the requirements for NZFS personnel when attending fire incidents at multi-storey buildings.

This policy must be read alongside the *Guidelines for Operational Policies and Procedures*, and any local procedures that have been developed for your Area.

Definition

A multi-storey building is a:

- building of six floors or more, taken from the lowest point of Fire Service access, or
- a building in which a riser system has been fitted.

When to apply

NZFS personnel will follow the requirements of this policy:

- during fire incidents involving multi-storey buildings
- at other incidents where the OIC determines that there is an operational benefit.

What to do

During fire incidents involving multi-storey buildings, NZFS personnel will follow the procedures in:

- S1 SOP Multi-storey buildings procedure NZFS
- any local procedures that have been developed for their Area.

Local procedures

Area Management may develop local procedures for multi-storey fire incidents if:

- first alarm attendance is greater than two pumps, or
- there is an identified need, for a specific building or complex.

Local procedures may provide more detail regarding response. These will not contradict the national policy and procedure (*S1 POP* and *SOP*), however tasks and roles may be allocated differently to the national policy and procedure if appropriate, as resources available will differ.

In Areas where local procedures have been signed off by the Area Manager, these must be used in conjunction with the national procedure.

Site reports

Site reports for multi-storey buildings will follow the requirements described in:

- S1 SOP Multi-storey buildings procedure
- RD2 Operational planning (policy, procedure and guide).

Firefighting strategy and tactics

Firefighting strategy and tactics for multi-storey buildings are described in the *Command and control technical manual (M1 TM).*



Pre-determined attendance

Pre-determined attendances (PDAs) for non-sprinklered multi-storey buildings will be:

- identified by Area Managers
- · approved by Fire Region Managers.

Key personnel and roles

OIC Fire

The OIC Fire has responsibility for:

- ensuring that S1 POP Multi-storey buildings policy, S1 SOP Multi-storey buildings procedure, and any signed off local procedures are followed at fire incidents in multi-storey buildings
- considering using the procedures described in *S1 SOP Multi*storey buildings procedure when attending incidents where:
 - external firefighting is limited, or not possible
 - there is a significant distance between the fire and the nearest practicable external command point.

Area Managers

Area Managers have responsibility for:

- ensuring that site reports are prepared for multi-storey buildings, following the requirements described in this policy
- developing and authorising local multi-storey procedures where required.

Related documents

The following documents provide information relevant to this policy:

- S1 SOP Multi-storey buildings procedure
- S1 GD Guide to fire incidents in multi-storey buildings
- M1 POP Command and control policy
- M1 SOP Command and control procedure
- M1 TM Command & control technical manual (CAC-1)
- RD2 POP Operational planning policy
- RD2 SOP Operational planning procedure
- M2-4 POP Sprinklered building investigation response policy
- M2-4 SOP Sprinklered building investigation response procedure
- R3 POP Working at heights and line rescue policy
- BA-rg Breathing apparatus reference guide.

Record of amendments

Date	Brief description of amendment
July 14	Reference to IS2 Working at heights policy updated to R3 POP Working at heights and line rescue policy.

March Reference to E3-2 TM Breathing apparatus technical manual replaced with BA-rg Breathing apparatus reference guide to bring procedure into line with latest control procedures.

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