

South Island – Head Office	North Island Office
PO Box 28147, Beckenham, Unit 24, 105 Bamford Street, Woolston, Christchurch Tel: 03 384 8966 Fax: 03 384 8960 Mobile: 0274 33 78 72 Email: info@k2.co.nz	Unit 23, 203 Kirkbride Road, Manukau, Auckland Tel: 09 275 1261 Fax: 09 275 1263 Mobile 0274 33 78 72 Email: info@k2.co.nz

# **Housing New Zealand Corporation**



Job Number: Q126

Issue: 1 Report Date: 25<sup>th</sup> August 2015

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1	SUM	MARY	1
2	DISC	LAIMER	3
3	RECO	DMMENDATIONS	3
	3.1	Reduce Surface Concentrations of Methamphetamine	3
	3.2	Decontamination	3
	3.3	Decontamination Detail	
	3.4	Other Actions	
	3.5	Roof and Underfloor Space	5
	3.6	Remove Contaminated Materials	5
	3.7	Post-Remediation Sampling	5
4	SITE	MAP	6
5	RESU	Methamphetamine surface swabs	8
	5.1	Methamphetamine surface swabs	8
	5.1.3	Methamphetamine Surface Swabs Summary	9
	5.2	Individual Volatile Organic Compounds  Individual VOCs Summary	9
	5.2.1	I Individual VOCs Summary	9
	5.3	Trace Metal Swabs	10
	5.3.1	L Trace Metal Swab Summary	10
	5.4	Surface pH Screen	
	5.4.3	Surface pH Screen Summary	
	5.5	Site photos	12
	5.5.1	1 Upstairs Interior	12
	5.5.2		
	5.5.3	3 Exterior	1 /
6	SITE	INFORMATION	17
	6.1	Conditions of the Interior of the Dwelling	17
	6.2	Conditions of the Exterior and Grounds	17
	6.3	Glossary of Terms	18
_			
Α	PPENDI		
	A.1.	Hills Lab Report	20

## **INDEX OF TABLES AND FIGURES**

Figure 1 Site Map Detailing Ground Floor Sampling Locations	6
Figure 2 Site Map Detailing Top Floor Sampling Locations	7
Table 1: Results summary	
Table 2: Decontamination standards applied by Housing NZ Corporation	4
Table 3: Guide to results	8
Table 4: Methamphetamine swab results	8
Table 5: Individual VOC concentrations	9
Table 6: Guide to results	10
Table 7: Trace Metals Swab Result	10
Table 8: Guide to pH results	11
Table 9: Surface pH results	11

OFFICIAL INFORMATION ACT NOSA OFFICI

# 1 SUMMARY

On the 6th of August 2015, a comprehensive site investigation for methamphetamine was undertaken at \$9(2)(a)

Auckland. This was carried out after an initial investigation showed Methamphetamine was present in this dwelling.

Table 1: Results summary

			Sampling	
Contaminant	Max. Limits	Location	Results	Discussion
			μg/100cm²	
		Laundry Ceiling	0.58	Above acceptable
		Upstairs Kitchen/		levels
	_	Lounge Ceiling	0.78	
		Upstairs Bedroom 1	0.20	0.
		Ceiling	5.25	200
		Upstairs Bedroom 3	0.16	9
		Ceiling	XV.	
		Upstairs Bathroom	0.31	Precautionary
		Ceiling	.0	remediation
		Downstairs Bedroom	0.20	recommended
Mathamahatamina	0.5µg/100cm²	4 Ceiling	7	
Methamphetamine	0.5μg/100cm <sup>-</sup>	Downstairs Bedroom	0.16	
		6 Ceiling	0.20	
		Laundry Wall	0.48	
		Downstairs Bathroom		
	C	Ceiling	<0.02	
		Downstairs Bathroom	0.00	Below limit -
		Wall	0.06	precautionary
	CV	Upstairs Bedroom 2	-0.02	decontamination
	QV.V	Ceiling	<0.02	recommended
	RELLY	Downstairs Bedroom	<0.02	
		5 Ceiling	₹0,02	
	2/0	Laundry Floor Beside	16.6	Above Ministry o
	X	Stairs	16.6	Health
		Downstairs Bedroom	3.6	recommended
		6	5.0	guidelines
Lead	2.0	Downstairs Bathroom	1.68	
Lead	2.0	Floor	1.00	Action level
		Laundry Floor under	1.2	Action level
		Cupboard	1.2	
		Upstairs Kitchen	0.17	Below limits
		Bench	0.17	No marini permon
		All metal swab		Results below
Mercury	35.0	locations	<0.05	detection limits
		1000010		No risk expected

6th August 15 K2 Environmental Ltd.

Contaminant	Normal range	Location	Sampling Results	Discussion
		Kitchen Sink	5 pH	
		Upstairs Bathroom Bath	5 pH	
		Upstairs Bedroom 2 Windowsill	5 pH	Too Low Mildly acidic
		Downstairs Bedroom 6 Windowsill	5 pH	surfaces Not considered normal for a
		Downstairs Bedroom 4	5 pH	domestic dwelling
		Downstairs Laundry Sink	5 pH	
		Downstairs Bathroom Bath	5 pH	
Surface pH levels	pH 6-8	Downstairs Laundry Cupboard	6 pH	8
		Downstairs Bedroom 5 Windowsill	брн	
		Upstairs Bedroom 1 Windowsill	брН	All within a normal range for a domestic
		Upstairs Bedroom 3 Windowsill	6 pH	dwelling Unlikely to be a health risk
		Lounge Windowsill	6 pH	
		Downstairs Bathroom Stainless Steel Tub	6 pH	
		Downstairs Bathroom Bath	7pH	
	1.	Individua VOCs mg/m³		
Toluene	93//	Bedroom 4	0.6	Above Acceptable level
	50	Kitchen	0.2	Action Level
	Ch	Kitchen	0.4	
	Upstairs Bathroom	Upstairs Bathroom	0.8	
Methanol	C. 40	Laundry	2.9	
	0	Bedroom 4	0.8	Below chronic
		Kitchen	1.4	exposure limits
Ethanol	n/a	Bedroom 4	m 4 3.2	
1-Methoxy-2- Propanol	7.0	Bedroom 4	0.4	

## 2 DISCLAIMER

Limited sampling was performed. Variations in surface contamination are possible. The results only present a snapshot of surface conditions.

While a high result may indicate there is a hazard that needs to be managed, a low result or a nondetect does not necessarily mean a complete absence of a hazard

## 3 RECOMMENDATIONS

## 3.1 Reduce Surface Concentrations of Methamphetamine

Remediation is recommended to lower surface concentrations of methamphetamine to as low as possible, the maximum level to be no higher than  $0.5 \mu g/100 cm^2$ .

The NZ Ministry of Health, '2010 Guidelines for the Remediation of Clandestine Methamphetamine Laboratory Sites' should be referred to for decontamination protocols.

## 3.2 Decontamination

It is recommended that the following areas where contamination was above the limit are decontaminated following the above guidelines:

- Upstairs kitchen/lounge
- Laundry

Precautionary cleaning is recommended in the following locations:

- Bedroom 1
- Bedroom 3
- Bedroom 4
- Bedroom 6
- Upstairs Bathroom

Decontamination should be carried out by professional experienced in clandestine drug decontamination.

# 3.3 Decontamination Detail

The following table details the recommended remediation plan for the areas that were sampled.

Table 2: Decontamination standards applied by Housing NZ Corporation

>0.03 µg/100cm²	0.03 – 0.49 μg/100cm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 - 4.0 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	> 4µg /100 cm <sup>2</sup>
	For properties with tests in a 0.03ug to 0.49ug range (i.e.	Triple wash of non- porous surfaces.	Full strip out and reinstatement
No actions required	below the 'safe' threshold), it is at the discretion of HNZC for any precautionary remediation.	Remove, discard and reinstate porous materials	Mandatory for all locations with 4.0 µg/100cm² and ahove.

			00'
Area	Sample Location	Result	Action
Laundry	Ceiling	0.58μg/100cm²	Triple wash vinyl floor  Triple wash the painted walls and ceiling
Laundry	Wall	0.48μg/100cm²	Dispose of absorptive materials
Upstairs Kitchen/Lounge	Ceiling	0,78µg/100cm²	<ul> <li>Dispose of carpet, curtains and other absorptive material</li> <li>Flooring beneath should be vacuumed ideally with H13 rated vacuum cleaner.</li> <li>Triple wash the painted walls and ceiling</li> <li>Wash Vinyl floor</li> </ul>
Upstairs Bedroom 1	Ceiling	0.20μg/100cm <sup>2</sup>	<ul> <li>Precautionary cleaning is recommended</li> </ul>
Upstairs Bedroom 3	Ceiling	0.16μg/100cm <sup>2</sup>	<ul> <li>Precautionary cleaning is recommended</li> </ul>
Upstairs Bathroom	Ceiling	0.31µg/100cm²	<ul> <li>Precautionary cleaning is recommended</li> </ul>
Downstairs Bedroom 4	Ceiling	0.20μg/100cm <sup>2</sup>	<ul> <li>Precautionary cleaning is recommended</li> </ul>
Downstairs Bedroom 6	Ceiling	<b>0.16µg/100</b> cm²	<ul> <li>Dispose of carpet, curtains and other absorptive material</li> <li>Flooring beneath should be vacuumed ideally with H13 rated vacuum cleaner.</li> <li>Triple wash painted walls and ceiling</li> </ul>

## 3.4 Other Actions

 Possessions outside the downstairs entry under the carport should be disposed of as absorptive material is expected to be positive.

- All areas of property need to be cleared
- Ceiling space see below.

## 3.5 Roof and Underfloor Space

The assessment team were unable to find the access to:-

The roof space

If there is insulation material in the ceiling it would be prudent to replace. Any material under the house should be cleared out.

## 3.6 Remove Contaminated Materials

A precautionary approach to remediation is recommended by the MoH, as it is unlikely that all contaminants will be identified.

Some materials are best to be removed and disposed of These are outlined in the NZ MoH Guidelines, and include:

- Materials that are:
  - Visibly stained
  - o Emitting odours
  - o Damaged
  - Thought to have been used in the manufacture process
- Porous materials such as:
  - Carpets
  - Thermal backed curtains
  - Soft furnishings like couches and mattresses
  - Wall paper
- Any materials that could come into contact with young children or babies.

# 3.7 Post-Remediation Sampling

Post-remediation sampling should be undertaken to ensure residual concentrations of methamphetamine and amphetamine are below the MoH guidelines for acceptable levels and that all surfaces have close to neutral pH levels (pH levels between 6 and 8).

6th August 15 K2 Environmental Ltd.

# 4 SITE MAP

The following is a map indicating where samples were collected from.

Note: This map is not to scale and is to be used as an indication only.

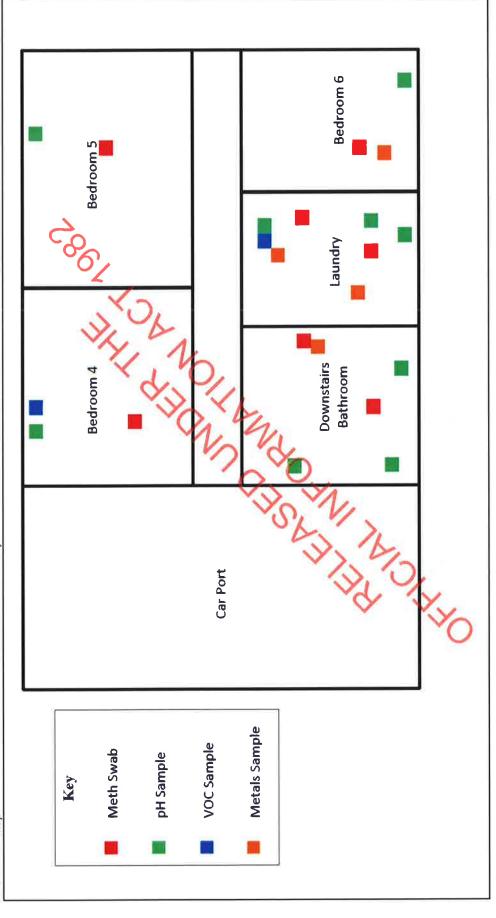


Figure 1 Site Map Detailing Ground Floor Sampling Locations



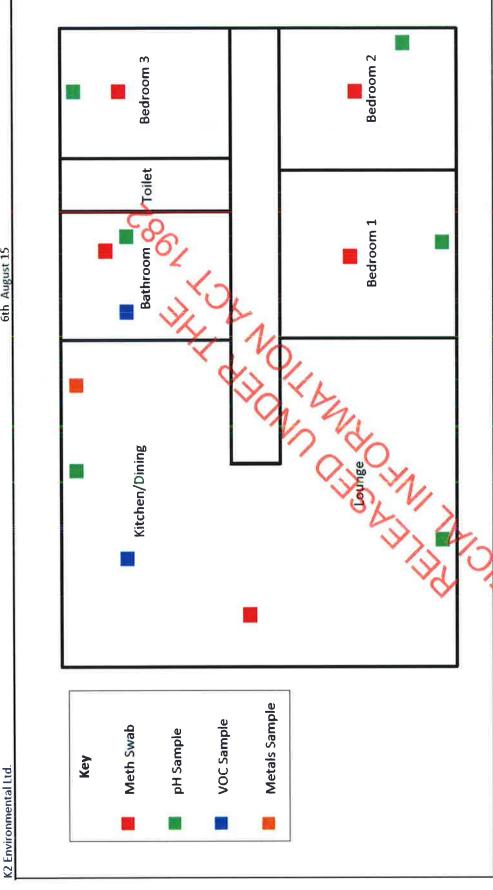


Figure 2 Site Map Detailing Top Floor Sampling Locations

Page 7 of 23

## 5 RESULTS

# 5.1 Methamphetamine surface swabs

The following table details the results of Hills Laboratories Meth Test Kit surface swabs. These swabs were analysed by LC-MSMS, using a modified version of NIOSH 9111: Methamphetamine on wipes by LC/MS.

Table 3: Guide to results

>0.03 μg/100cm²	0.03 – 0.49 μg/100cm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 - 4.0 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	> 4µg /100 cm <sup>2</sup>
	Precautionary	Triple wash of non- porous surfaces	Full strip out and reinstatement
No actions required	remediation recommended	Remove, discard and reinstate porous materials	Mandatory for all locations with 4.0 μg/100cm² and above.

Table 4: Methamphetamine swab results

Sample number	Location	Description	Results µg/100cm²
Q095-1	Downstairs Bathroom	Ceiling	<0.02
Q095-2	Downstairs Bathroom	Wall	0.06
Q095-3	Laundry	Ceiling	0.58
Q095-4	Laundry	Wall	0.48
Q126-10	Kitchen/Lounge	Ceiling	0.78
Q126-11	Upstairs Bedroom 1	Ceiling	0.20
Q126-12	Upstairs Bedroom 2	Ceiling	<0.02
Q126-13	Upstairs Bedroom 3	Ceiling	0.16
Q126-14	Upstairs Bathroom	Ceiling	0.31
Q126-15	Downstairs Bedroom 4	Ceiling	0.20
Q126-16	Downstairs Bedroom 5	Ceiling	<0.02
Q126-17	Downstairs Bedroom 6	Ceiling	0.16

## 5.1.1 Methamphetamine Surface Swabs Summary

Two out of twelve of the above swabs had Methamphetamine levels that were above the NZ Ministry of Health (MoH) recommended guidelines of  $0.5 \mu g/100 cm^2$ .

- Remediation to lower these levels is recommended.
- Precautionary cleaning is recommended in:
  - o Bedroom 1
  - o Bedroom 3
  - o Bedroom 4
  - o Bedroom 6
  - Upstairs Bathroom
  - Downstairs bathroom

Precautionary cleaning is recommended in all rooms where methamphetamine has been detected.

# 5.2 Individual Volatile Organic Compounds

The following results were obtained using charcoal VOC tubes. These were analysed using Gas chromatography-mass spectrometry.

Table 5: Individual VOC concentrations

		exposure limits			
Compound	Kitchen	Upstairs Bathroom	Laundry	Bedroom 4	(mg/ m³)
Methanol	0.37	0.8	2.9	0.8	4.31
Ethanol	1.4	ND	ND	3.2	-
Toluene	0.2	ND	ND	0.6	0.3²
1-Methoxy-2- Propanol	NO	ND	ND	0.4	7.0²

ND = Not detected, compound was below detection limit.

# 5.2.1 Individual VOCs Summary

- Levels of toluene exceeded the MoH guidelines in Bedroom 4 and is above 25% of the limit in the kitchen.
- All other compounds were below chronic exposure guidelines.
- The above compounds are all used as solvents.

Auckland Job Number: Q095, Q126 Page 9 of 23

Channia

<sup>1</sup> Californian EPA Chronic Exposure Standard (24 hour exposure)

## 5.3 Trace Metal Swabs

The following table details the results of Hills Laboratories Meth Test Kit surface swabs. These swabs were analysed by LC-MSMS, using a modified version of NIOSH 9111: Methamphetamine on wipes by LC/MS.

Table 6: Guide to results

	Max	Concent	rations mg/m³	
	Lead 2.0			cury 5.0
Results below detection limits No risk expected	Below 25% of the Recommended guideline levels, Unlikely to be a health risk	lev maxim recomi	Action level a substance is present at yels above 25% of its num allowable level, it is mended to take action to uce the levels present	Above recommended guidelines Potential health risk Remediation recommended

Table 7: Trace Metals Swab Result

	Concentration µg/100cm <sup>2</sup>	
Location	1/2 read	Mercury
Downstairs Bedroom 6	3.6	<0.05
Laundry Floor Besides Stairs	16.6	<0.05
Laundry Floor under Cupboard	1.2	<0.05
Downstairs Bathroom Floor	1.68	<0.05
Upstairs Kitchen Bench	0.17	<0.05

# 5.3.1 Trace Metal Swab Summary

- Mercury results for all tested rooms were below detection limit and are unlikely to be a risk.
- Lead results in all tested rooms were above 25% of the MoH guidelines.
  - O The vinyl flooring of the laundry by the staircase was more than 8 times the limit,
  - o The vinyl flooring of Bedroom 6 was nearly double the limit
  - The laundry was full of chemicals when the initial survey was conducted which could explain the high laundry results. It is unknown whether these were left behind by the tenants or were due to renovations happening on the property.

# 5.4 Surface pH Screen

The following table details the results of surface pH testing.

Table 8: Guide to pH results

Less than 6	6-8	Greater than 8
Too Low Acidic surface Corrosive substances may have been used Not considered normal for a domestic dwelling	MoH NZ guidelines Normal range for indoor surfaces	Too High Basic surface3 Corrosive substances may have been used Not considered normal for a domestic dwelling

Table 9: Surface pH results

Location	Description	pH Reading
Kitchen	Sink	5
Lounge	Windowsill	6
Bedroom 1	Windowsill	6
Bedroom 2	WindowsII	5
Bedroom 3	Windowsill	6
Upstairs Bathroom	Bath	5
Bedroom 4	Windowsill	5
Bedroom 5	Windowsill	6
Bedroom 6	Windowsill	5
2	Sink	5
Laundry	Cupboard	6
10,	Bath	5
Downstairs Bathroom	Sink	7
O <sub>Z</sub>	Stainless Steel Tub	6

# 5.4.1 Surface pH Screen Summary

- Half of the tested surfaces tested below the neutral pH range, with a pH of 5.
- Corrosive products could have been used on these surfaces.
- The remaining surfaces in this dwelling are within a normal pH range for a domestic dwelling.

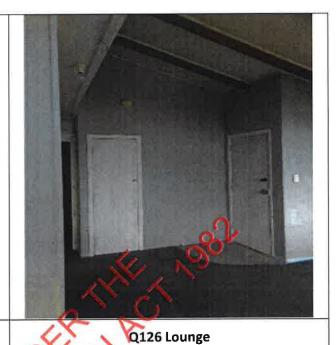
6th August 15 K2 Environmental Ltd.

## 5.5 **Site photos**

# **Upstairs Interior**



**Q095 Lounge** 



Renovations were mostly finished in the lounge since the initial survey.



Q126 Lounge

Majority of the windows in the house were open on the second visit.



Q095 Kitchen



# Q126 Kitchen VOC Sample

Kitchen had been cleaned since the initial survey.



Q095 Bathroom

Bathroom had extensive mould on the ceiling on both visits.



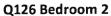
Q126 Toilet



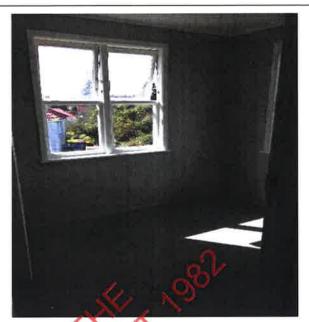
Q126 Bedroom 1

- Extensive staining on the carpets.
- Windows open.





- Extensive staining on the carpets.
- Windows open.



Q126 Bedroom 3

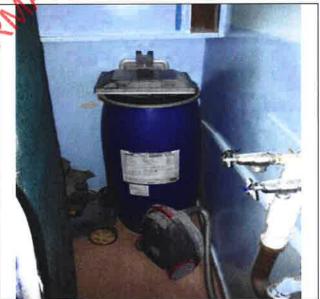
Extensive staining on the carpets.

Windows open.

# 5.5.2 Downstairs Interior

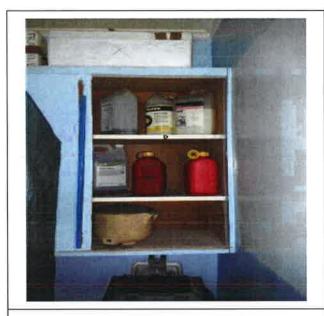


Q095 Laundry



Q095 Laundry

- Robond Emulsion tank found in the laundry.
- Large amounts of paint, floor cleaner and odd material stored in here.



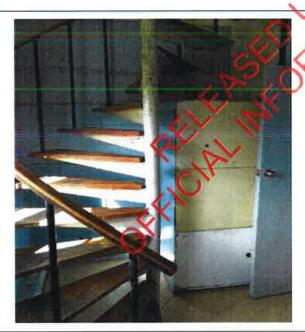
# **Q095 Laundry Cupboard**

- A mixture of chemicals found in the laundry.
- Only some of them are household chemicals



Q126 Laundry, Back door side

Laundry empty on second visit



Q126 Laundry, staircase side



Q126 Bedroom 4 carport side

- Two broken windows in this room
- Carpet stained the worst in this room



Q126 Bedroom 4 wardrobe side

Q126 Bedroom 4 Broken Windows



Q126 Bedroom 5

- Staining on the carpet
- Windows open
- Walls newly painted



Q126 Bedroom 6

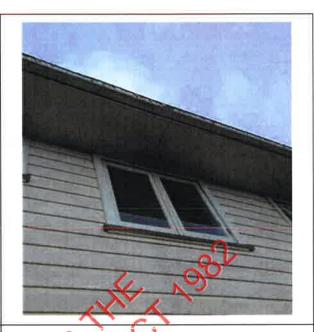
- Flooring here is vinyl, not carpet.
- Staining on floor suggests room was used for storage

## 5.5.3 Exterior



**Exterior** 

Exterior of property relatively tidy.



Exterior

Strange black residue on soffit outside kitchen window

## 6 SITE INFORMATION

# 6.1 Conditions of the Interior of the Dwelling

- All carpets in the bedrooms had extensive staining on them.
- The living room and bedrooms 5 and 6 all looked as though their walls had been recently painted.
- The majority of windows were open throughout the house.
- All possessions that were present in the house in the initial site investigation had been removed by the time comprehensive investigation was completed.
- There was opvious staining on the vinyl in the laundry and in bedroom 6 were large items had been stored.

# 6.2 Conditions of the Exterior and Grounds

- Lawns overgrown in some places.
- Pile of possessions under the carport.
- Strange black residue on soffit outside the kitchen window.

6th August 15

# 6.3 Glossary of Terms

The following terms are used in this report:

Exposure Standard	An exposure standard represents an airborne concentration of a particular substance in the workers breathing zone, exposure to which, according to current knowledge, should not cause adverse health effects nor cause undue discomfort to nearly all workers.  Compliance with the designated value does not, however, guarantee protection from discomfort or possible ill-health outcomes for all workers. The range of individual susceptibility is wide and it is possible that workers will experience discomfort or develop occupational illness from exposure to substances at levels below the exposure standards.
Action Level	It is good practice to reduce the levels of contaminants when the exposure level is greater than 25% of the recommended standard or guideline level. This minimises the risk of exceeding the guidance level, due to variation.  The sampling method for methamphetamine used in this report samples an area of 100cm <sup>2</sup> . The concentrations can vary across the room.
LC-MSMS	Liquid chromatography— Fundem mass spectrometry (LC-MSMS)) is an analytical chemistry technique that is used for a variety of outcomes, including quantifying the amount of a compound present in a sample.
Chronic Exposure	Chronic exposure is a state of continuous or recurring contact with toxic substances over a long period of time (3 months or more).  A chronic exposure is 24 hours a day where a person does not have an opportunity to recover from the exposure.  As a result chronic exposure limits are lower than acute exposure limits.
Acute Exposure	Acute exposure refers to a single exposure (not lasting longer than a day) to a substance(s) that causes severe harm, or even death. Applicable to workers exposed in an eight or 12 hour day.  This type of exposure differs from chronic exposure, which occurs over a long period of time, and negative health effects are cumulative.  As a result acute exposure limits are higher than chronic exposure limits.

6th August 15

APPENDIX A. MAB REPORT

OFFICIAL INFORMACIONAL PROPERTOR OF PRICIAL PROPERTOR OF PRICIAL INFORMACIONAL PROPERTOR OF PRICIAL PRICIAL PROPERTOR OF PRIC

6th August 15 K2 Environmental Ltd.

## A.1. Hills Lab Report



R J Hill Laboratories Limited 1 Clyde Street Private Bag 3205

+64 7 858 2000 Tel Fax +64 7 858 2001 Ernail mail@hill-labs.co.nz Hamilton 3240, New Zealand Web www.hill-labs.co.nz

## REPORT ALYSIS

Page 1 of 1

SPVI

**K2** Environmental Limited Client: Contact:

C/- K2 Environmental Limited

PO Box 28147 Beckenham

**CHRISTCHURCH 8242** 

Lab No: Date Registered: Date Reported:

16-Jul-2015 22-Jul-2015 60737

Quote No: Order No: Client Reference: Submitted By:

Q095 Q095 s 9(2)(a)

1451095

Sample Type: Miscellaneo	ous Wipe	فيعيرة فالماري				
Sa	mple Name:	Q095-1 Dov/nstairs Bathroom, Ceiling 15-Jul-2015	Q095-2 Downstairs Bathroom, Wall 15-Jul-2015	Q095-3 Laundry, Ceiling 15-Jul-2015	Q095-4 Laundry Wall 15-Jul-2015	) -
	ab Number:	1451095 1	1451095.2	145 (095 3	1451095.4	
Methamphetamine Including Pre-	cursors on Wipe	s by LCMSMS				
Amphetamine	µg/sample	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.02	< 0.02	-
Ephedrine	µg/semple	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	(€)
Methemphetamine	µg/sample	< 0.02	0.08	0.58	0.48	98
Pseudoephedrine	µg/sample	< 0.02	< 0.02	50.05	< 0.02	A.55.5

The following table(s) gives a prief description of the methods used to conduct the analy Detection limits may be higher for individual samples should insufficient sample be

Sample Type: Miscellaneous Wipe					
Test	Method Description		Default Detection Limit	Sample No	
Methemphetamine Including Precursors on Wipes by LCMSMS	Description with 0 JM Sulphane b (modified NIOSH9111)	shaking, LCMSMS analysis.	0.02 µg/sample	1-4	

These samples were collected by yourselves (or your agent) and analysed as received at the laboratory.

Samples are held at the laboratory after reporting for a length of time depending on the preservation used and the stability of the analytes being tested. Opce the storage period is completed the samples are discarded unless otherwise advised by the

This report must not be reproduced, except in full, without the written consent of the signatory.

Client Services Manager - Environmental Division



Lab No: 1481

## **A2: Flinders Cook Results**

S 9(2)(a)

S 9(2)(a)

RELEASED UNDERTHER THE TAPOR ACT A 982

OFFICIAL INFORMATION ACT A 982

OFFICIAL INFORMATION ACT A 982

OFFICIAL INFORMATION ACT 1982 OFFICIAL INFORMATION ACT 1982 s 9(2)(a)

• Page 2

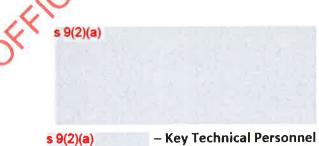


South Island – Head Office	North Island Office
PO Box 28147, Beckenham, Unit 24, 105 Bamford Street, Woolston, Christchurch Tel: 03 384 8966 Fax: 03 384 8960 Mobile: 0274 33 78 72 Email: info@k2.co.nz	Unit 23, 203 Kirkbride Road, Manukau, Auckland Tel: 09 275 1261 Fax: 09 275 1263 Mobile 0274 33 78 72 Email: info@k2.co.nz

# Housing New Zealand Corporation

# Initial Methamphetamine Assessment

July 2015



# **Sample Team and Authors**

s 9(2)(a)

Job Number: Q095

Issue: 1

Report Date: 31st July 2015

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1	EXE	CUTIVE SUMMARY	3
	1.1	Sampling information	4
2	REC	OMMENDATIONS	4
	2.1	Reduce surface concentrations of Methamphetamine	4
	2.2	Decontamination	4
	2.3	Remove Porous Materials	5
	2.4	Post-Remediation Sampling	
	2.5	Disclaimer	5
3	SITE	MAP	6
4	RES	JLTS	8
	4.1	Methamphetamine surface swabs  1 Methamphetamine Surface Swabs Summary	8
	4.1.	1 Methamphetamine Surface Swabs Summary	8
	4.2	Surface pH Screen	9
	4.2.	Surface pH Screen	9
	4.3	Site photos	10
	4.3.	1 Upstairs	10
	4.3.	1 Upstairs 2 Downstairs and Exterior	11
	4.4	Site notes	13
	4.4.		
	4.4.	2 Conditions of the Interior of the Dwelling	13
	4.5	Glossary of Terms	13
Α	PPENDI	X A. LAB REPORT	14
	A.1.	Hills lab report	14

# **INDEX OF TABLES AND FIGURES**

Figure 1 Site Map Ground Floor Detailing Sampling Locations	6
Figure 2 Site Map Top Floor Detailing Sampling Locations	7
	10
Photo 1: Bedroom	
Photo 2: Bathroom	
Photo 3: Lounge	
Photo 4: Kitchen	
Photo 5: Laundry	
Photo 6: Bathroom	
Photo 7: Laundry	
Photo 8: Bedroom	11
Photo 9: Bedroom	Q./12
Photo 10: Laundry Cupboard	12
Photo 11: Bathroom	12
Photo 12: Exterior	12
2.0	
Table 1: Results summary – Meth Swabs	3
Table 1: Results summary – Meth Swabs Table 2: Results summary – pH Screening Table 3: Guide to results Table 4: Methamphetamine Swab Results	4
Table 3: Guide to results	8
Table 4: Methamphetamine Swab Results	8
Table 5: Guide to pH results	c
Table 6: Surface pH results	c
COV ON	
P3.01	
11.2	
Pr.V	
Table 4: Methamphetamine Swab Results	
O'	

July 15

# 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Table 1: Results summary - Meth Swabs

Guideline Contaminant Limits (µg/100cm²)		Location	Sampling Results µg/100cm²	Discussion	
		Downstairs Bathroom Ceiling	<0 .02	All within a normal level for a domestic dwelling -	
		Downstairs Bathroom Wall	0.06	Unlikely to be a health risk	
Methamphetamine	0.5	Laundry Ceiling	0.58		
methamphetamine		Laundry Wall	levels Ode	Above MoH Guideline levels decontamination recommended	
Amphetamine *0.5 <sup>2</sup>		Downstairs Bathroom Ceiling  Downstairs Bathroom Wall  Laundry Ceiling  Laundry Wall		All within a normal level for a domestic dwelling. Unlikely to be a health risk	
Ephedrine and Pseudoephedrine	RELE	Living Room Wall  Dining Ceiling		All of the results were below the detection	
	2/3/1	Dining Wall	<0.02	limits for Ephedrine and Pseudoephedrine.	
	ξ××	Main Bedroom			

<sup>\*</sup> There is no limit set for amphetamine on surfaces. For the purposes of this report the estimated maximum limit has been set at the same value as the Ministry of Health (MoH) limit for methamphetamine.

K2 Environmental Ltd. July 15

Table 2: Results summary -	pH Screening
----------------------------	--------------

Contaminant	Guideline Limits (pH)	Location	Sampling Results (pH)	Díscussion
Surface pH levels		Bathroom Sink		
		Bathroom Too Lo	domestic dwelling	
	pH 6-8			Too Low. Mildly acidic surfaces Cleaning products are usually
				high pH

# 1.1 Sampling information

On the 15<sup>th</sup> of July 2015, an initial site investigation for methamphetamine was undertaken at s 9(2)(a) in Auckland.

Sampling was undertaken to determine if the dwelling has any level of methamphetamine contamination present and if so what level.

## 2 RECOMMENDATIONS

# 2.1 Reduce surface concentrations of Methamphetamine

The NZ Ministry of Health, '2010 Guidelines for the Remediation of Clandestine Methamphetamine Laboratory Sites' should be referred to for decontamination. Not all rooms were swabbed as the request was only for an initial investigation. Rooms expected to be contaminated were targeted. Consideration to more extensive swab sampling should be considered if a full decontamination is to occur.

## 2.2 Decontamination

Based on the methamphetamine results detected, it is recommended that the laundry room are decontaminated using the above guidelines. This is an initial investigation. A full decontamination plan has not been provided.

HNZC,s 9(2)(a) Job Number: Q095 Page 4 of 14

K2 Environmental Ltd. July 15

## 2.3 Remove Porous Materials

Some porous materials may require discarding as cleaning is unlikely to be able to remove the hazard.

These materials are likely to include:

- Carpets
- Heat pump
- Curtains
- Wall paper
- Textured ceilings

The Ministry of Health guidelines detail the appropriate methods for decontamination and these should be referred to when deciding what to discard and what to keep.

## 2.4 Post-Remediation Sampling

Post-remediation sampling should be undertaken to ensure residual concentrations of methamphetamine and amphetamine are below the MoM guidelines for acceptable levels and that all surfaces have close to neutral pH levels (pH levels between 6 and 8).

## 2.5 Disclaimer

Limited initial sampling was performed. Variations in surface contamination are possible. The results only present a snapshot of surface conditions.

While a high result may indicate there is a hazard that needs to be managed, a low result or a nondetect does not necessarily mean a complete absence of a hazard.

HNZC, s 9(2)(a) Job Number: Q095 Page 5 of 14

July 15

# SITE MAP

The following is a map indicating where samples were collected from.

Note: This map is not to scale and is to be used as an indication only.

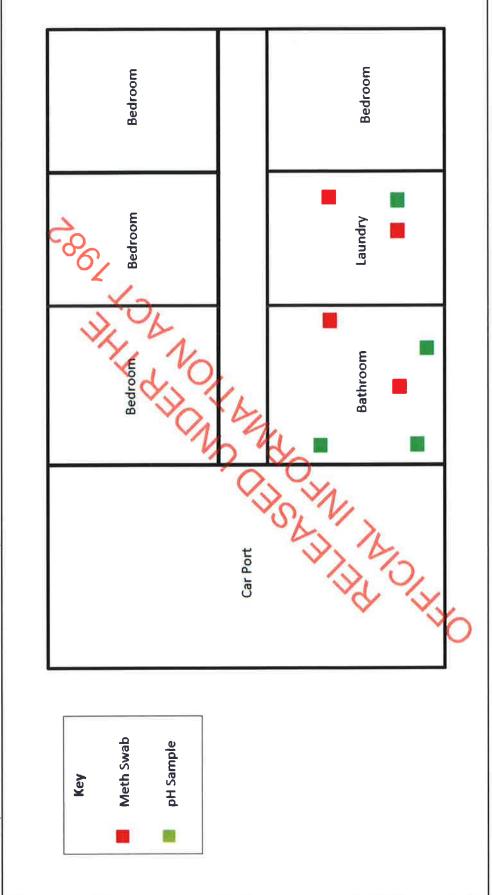


Figure 1 Site Map Detailing Ground Floor Sampling Locations

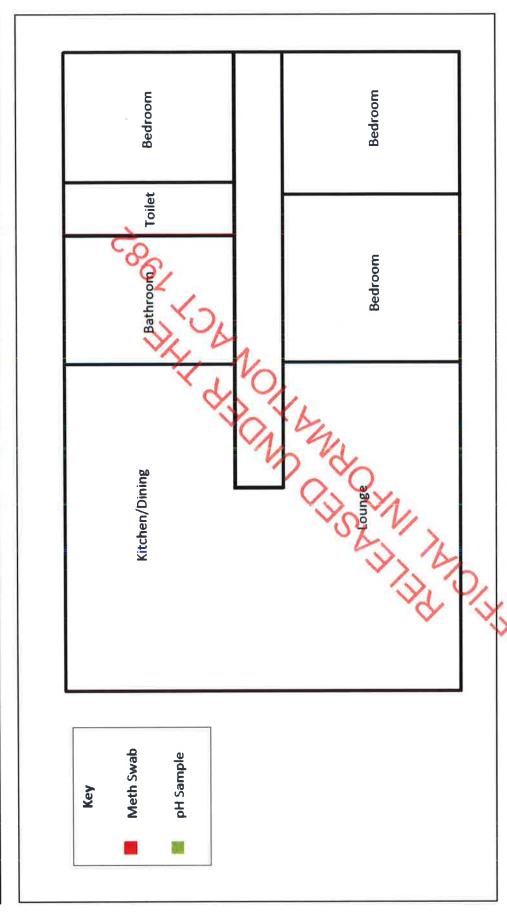


Figure 2 Site Map Detailing Top Floor Sampling Locations

Job Number: Q095

Page 7 of 14

July 15

## 4 RESULTS

## 4.1 Methamphetamine surface swabs

The following table details the results of Hills Laboratories Meth Test Kit surface swabs. These swabs were analysed by LC-MSMS, using a modified version of NIOSH 9111: Methamphetamine on wipes by LC/MS.

Less than 0.02 µg/100cm <sup>2</sup>	Up to 0.125 μg/100cm²	Between 0.125 μg/100cm² and 0.5 μg/100cm²	Greater than 0.5μg/100cm²
Results below detection limits No risk expected	Below 25% of the Recommended guideline levels, Unlikely to be a risk	Action level When a substance is present at levels above 25% of its exposure standard (or recommended guidelines), but below the maximum level, it is recommended to take action to reduce these levels	Above Ministry of Health recommended guidelines Potential health risk Remediation recommended

Table 3: Guide to results

Table 4: Methamphetamine Swab Results

Sample Number	Location	Description	Results (μg/100cm²)
Q095-1	Downstairs Bathroom	Ceiling	<0.02
Q095-2	Downstairs Bathroom	Wall	0.06
Q095-3	Laundry	Ceiling	0.58
Q095-4	Laundry	Wall	0.48

<sup>\*</sup>See Hills report number 1449889 in section A.1 below.

# 4.1.1 Methamphetamine Surface Swabs Summary

The laundry ceiling swab had Methamphetamine levels that were above the NZ Ministry of Health (MoH) recommended guidelines of  $0.5\mu g/100cm^2$ .

The swab of the laundry wall was so close to reaching the high risk level that it should also be treated as highly dangerous and the entire laundry should be decontaminated.

- This dwelling must not be occupied.
- Remediation to lower Methamphetamine levels to below the MoH NZ guidelines must take place prior to re-occupation.

K2 Environmental Ltd. July 15

Amphetamine, Ephedrine and Pseudoephedrine do not have recommended guidelines or exposure standards to compare levels to, so these have been compared to the MoH guidelines for methamphetamine on surfaces.

• Amphetamine, Ephedrine and Pseudoephedrine levels in all four samples, were below the detection limits.

# 4.2 Surface pH Screen

The following table details the results of surface pH testing.

Table 5: Guide to pH results

Less than 6	6-8	Greater than 8
Too Low Acidic surface Corrosive substances may have been used Not considered normal for a domestic dwelling	MoH NZ guidelines Normal range for indoor surfaces	Too High Basic surface Corrosive substances may have been used Not considered normal for a domestic dwelling

Table 6: Surface pH results

Location	Description	pH Reading
Bathroom	Sink	7
Bathroom	Bath	5
Bathroom	Stainless Steel Tub	6
Laundry	Sink	5

# 4.2.1 Surface pH Screen Summary

The above results for the bathroom bath and laundry sink are outside what is considered a normal range for a domestic dwelling. These results maybe from methamphetamine related contamination.

HNZC, **s 9(2)(a)** Job Number: Q095 Page 9 of 14

# 4.3 Site photos

# 4.3.1 Upstairs



Photo 1: Bedroom

- This bedroom is empty.
- No staining on walls or ceiling.



Photo 2: Bathroom

- Very untidy compared with that of the bathroom downstairs.
  - Mould on the ceiling.



Photo 3: Lounge

Interior of the house has repairs being done to it. These repairs are being carried out by the tenants themselves.



Photo 4: Kitchen

Nothing appears to be out of the ordinary here.

K2 Environmental Ltd. July 15

# 4.3.2 Downstairs and Exterior



Photo 5: Laundry

A swab was taken from the wall and ceiling in the laundry.



A swab was taken from the ceiling and wall in the downstairs bathroom.



Photo 7: Laundry

- Large amounts of paint, floor cleaner and odd material stored in here.
- Could be for painters doing renovations?



Photo 8: Bedroom

Robond Emulsion tank found in the laundry.



Photo 9: Bedroom

- Multiple broken windows.
- Bed and drawers are the only pieces of furniture left in this room.



Photo 10: Laundry Cupboard

- A mixture of chemicals found in the laundry.
- Only some of them are household chemicals.



Photo 11: Bathroom

The downstairs bathroom appeared very clean compared to the rest of the house



Photo 12: Exterior

Exterior of property appeared relatively tidy.

## 4.4 Site notes

## 4.4.1 Conditions of the Exterior and Grounds

Exterior of the property appeared to be relatively tidy.

## 4.4.2 Conditions of the Interior of the Dwelling

- Interior dwellings appear to be under repair by the tenants
- Nothing appears to be out of the ordinary in the kitchen upstairs.
- Bedroom upstairs is completely empty no apparent staining on the walls or ceiling.
- Bathroom upstairs appeared untidy with mould on the ceiling.
- · Laundry had large amounts of paint, floor cleaner, etc on the ground.
- Broken windows in the bedroom downstairs only one has been boarded up.
- · Only the bed and the drawers in the downstairs bedroom are left.
- Bathroom downstairs appeared to be extremely tidy compared to the rest of the house.

# 4.5 Glossary of Terms

The following terms are used in this report.

Exposure Standard	An exposure standard represents an airborne concentration of a particular substance in the workers breathing zone, exposure to which, according to current knowledge, should not cause adverse health effects nor cause undue discomfort to nearly all workers.  Compliance with the designated value does not, however, guarantee protection from discomfort or possible ill-health outcomes for all workers. The range of individual susceptibility is wide and it is possible that workers will experience discomfort or develop occupational illness from exposure to substances at levels below the exposure standards.
Action Level	It is good practice to reduce the levels of contaminants when the exposure level is greater than 25% of the recommended standard or guideline level. This minimises the risk of exceeding the guidance level, due to variation.  The sampling method for methamphetamine used in this report samples an area of 100cm <sup>2</sup> . The concentrations can vary across the room.

Job Number: Q095

K2 Environmental Ltd. July 15

# APPENDIX A. LAB REPORT

## A.1. Hills lab report



R J Hill Laboratories Limited
1 Clyde Street
Private Rag 3205

Tel
Fax
Ema

Private Bag 3205 Hamilton 3240, New Zealand

# ANALYSIS REPORT

Page 1 of 1

SPv1

Client: K2 Environmental Limited Contact: 5 9(2)(a)

C/- K2 Environmental Limited PO Box 28147 Beckenham

CHRISTCHURCH 8242

Lab No: 1451095
Date Registered: 16-Jul-2015
Date Reported: 22-Jul-2015
Quote No: 60737
Order No: Q095
Client Reference: Submitted By: 1451095
16-Jul-2015
22-Jul-2015
00737
Q095
Q095
\$\( \) \(

Sample Type: Miscel	laneous Wipe				VIN	2
	Sample Name:	Downstairs Bathroom, Ceiling 15-Jul-2015	Q095-2 Downstairs Bathroom, Wall 15-Jul-2015 1451095.2	Q095-3 Laundy, Centing 15-Jul-2015	Q095-4 Laundry, Wall 15-3ul-2015 4451095-4	
Methamphetamine Includir	Lab Number:		1451053.2	45 1055.5	451055.4	
Amphetamine	µg/sample		< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	₩
phedrine	µg/sample	< 0.02	< 0.02	(0.02	< 0.02	3.62
/lethamphetamine	µg/sample	< 0.02	10.08	0.58	0 48	172
Pseudoephedrine	µg/sample	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	1.00

## SUMMARY OF METHODS

The following table(s) gives a brief description of the methods used to conduct analyses for its both the detection limits given below are mose attainable in a relatively clean matrix. Detection limits may be higher for individual samples should insufficient sample be a label of the matrix requires that dilutions be performed during analysis.

Sample Type: Miscellaneous Wipe				
Test	Methor Description	Default Detection Limit	Sample No	
	Describen with 0.1M Culphune by shaking, LCMSMS analysis.	0.02 µg/sæmple	1-4	

These samples were collected by yourselves (or your agent) and analysed as received at the laboratory

Samples are held at the laboratory after reporting for a length of time depending on the preservation used and the stability of the analytes being tested. Once the storage period is completed the samples are discarded unless otherwise advised by the client

This report must not be reproduced, except in full, without the written consent of the signatory.

s 9(2)(a

Client Services Manager - Environmental Division



This Laboratory is accredited by International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ), which represents New Zealand in the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). Through the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement (ILAC-MRA) this accreditation is internationally recognised.

The tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the terms of accreditation, with the exception of

The tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the terms of accreditation, with the exception of tests marked \*, which are not accredited

Client Services Manager - Environmental Division

HNZC, **s 9(2)(a)** Job Number: Q095 Page 14 of 14

