



13 March 2019

Ref: DOIA 1819-1031

**Nick Young** 

Email: fyi-request-9378-b4a42e6b@requests.fyi.org.nz

### **Dear Nick Young**

Thank you for your email of 11 January 2019 to the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) requesting, under the Official Information Act 1982 (the Act), the following information:

- A copy of MBIE's policy on the use of social media in investigations, and if this varies by business group or branch, please supply a copy of the policy for each business group or branch which has one.
- 2. A breakdown of the number of staff who have received social media training by business group and branch, along with the reason for such training.
- 3. Whether private and / or "friends only" information is being harvested, what that information is, and whether warrants are sought for doing so.

### Please see responses to your questions below:

 A copy of MBIE's policy on the use of social media in investigations, and if this varies by business group or branch, please supply a copy of the policy for each business group or branch which has one.

Please find attached a copy of the document *Procedures for MBIE staff using social media for verification and investigation purposes to support regulatory, compliance and enforcement work* which applies to all MBIE employees. Please note these procedures are currently being reviewed. Some information in this document has been withheld under the following sections of the Act:

- section 6(c), as the the making available of that information would be likely to prejudice the
  maintenance of the law, including the prevention, investigation, and detection of offences, and
  the right to a fair trial; and
- section 9(2)(g)(ii), to maintain the effective conduct of public affairs through the protection of such Ministers, members of organisations, officers, and employees from improper pressure or harassment. I do not consider that the withholding of this information is outweighed by public interest considerations in making the information available.
- 2. A breakdown of the number of staff who have received social media training by business group and branch, along with the reason for such training.

MBIE has procedures and guidelines in place in relation to the use of social media for both verification and investigation purposes. These procedures help ensure the use of social media for verification and

investigation purposes is being carried out in a safe and appropriate manner. They are supported by training provided by ZX Security and by internal processes.

MBIE is a regulator and, therefore, has the responsibility to ensure that regulations are complied with and enforced and we need to be assured of the information we receive and on which decisions are taken.

As per the Master Agreement for advanced social media search training with ZX Security, a number of optional modules have been offered to MBIE, including topics such as methods for automated harvesting, image metadata analysis and creating a dossier. To date, no MBIE staff have participated in these optional modules.

As a result of the State Services Commission's external security consultants' inquiry findings, MBIE is reviewing its current arrangements and taking a number of additional steps to ensure we are responding fully to the inquiry's recommendations. This includes appointing a senior leader to check we have the systems and processes in place to adhere to the new model standards for information gathering. ZX has not run the advanced social media training for MBIE staff since June 2018.

3. Whether private and / or "friends only" information is being harvested, what that information is, and whether warrants are sought for doing so.

There are four levels of use of social media for verification and investigation, the first three relate only to publicly available information. The fourth involves active engagement with a person's social media, for example 'friending' or 'following' them. I am refusing the remainder of this part of your request under section 6(c) of the Act, as the making available of the information would be likely to prejudice the maintenance of the law, including the prevention, investigation, and detection of offences, and the right to a fair trial.

You have the right to seek an investigation and review by the Ombudsman of this decision. Information about how to make a complaint is available at <a href="https://www.ombudsman.parliament.nz">www.ombudsman.parliament.nz</a> or freephone 0800 802 602.

Yours sincerely

Adrian Regnault General Manager

**Enterprise Risk and Assurance** 



Procedures for MBIE staff using social media for verification and investigation purposes to support regulatory, compliance and enforcement work

January 2018

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### **Contents**

Contents	2
Overview	
Assess risk of using social media and determine access method	
Confirm access option for using social media	
Complete training for using social media	
Obtain approval for using social media	
Set up systems for using social media	
Monitoring the use of social media	
The Privacy Act and the use of social media	
Official Information Act requests for details about social media	
Appendix 1: Template for approval of overt passive membership for an individual or business un	
Appendix 2: Template for approval of discreet searching or discreet active engagement for an individual or business unit	
Appendix 3: Process Overview	13
Appendix 4: Supporting documents	48

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee

Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

Next Review: 01/05/18

### Overview

### 1. Purpose

The purpose of this document is to help manage the risks for MBIE staff who gather information through social media for regulatory, compliance and enforcement work by providing a process, procedures and guidelines that they can consistently use.

This process takes immediate effect and supersedes the Interim Advice provided to INZ and MSG General Managers by the Health, Safety and Security Implementation Programme Director, Shayne Gray, on 23 November 2016.

If you have any questions about this process, please contact the Manager Protective security in the Corporate Governance and Information Group.

### 2. Scope

This procedure applies to all MBIE staff that use social media to assist their regulatory, compliance and enforcement work.

### The procedures include:

- 1. Assess risk of using social media for work purpose
- 2. Determine access option for using social media
- 3. Complete training for using social media
- 4. Obtain approval for using social media
- 5. Set up systems for using social media.

### Further guidance includes:

- · Monitoring the use of social media
- . How the requirements of the Privacy Act apply to the use of social media
- How to manage Official Information Act requests for details about social media.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

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### 3. Definition of terms

Term	Description
Discreet active engagement (false persona)	Accessing social media using an account with a false persona and actively engaging with individuals – this is not encouraged in MBIE.
Discreet searching (false persona)	Accessing social media using an account with a false persona and passively viewing information.
Entity	Any type of business, for example, a company, trust, sole traderor partnership.
False persona	A fictitious name or pseudonym used instead of a person's real name to conceal their identity.
Individual	A single, named person.
MBIE profile	A social media account set up with an individual's name with an MBIE owned suffix, e.g. firstname.lastname@mbie.govt,n2
Open (unregistered) searching	Accessing social media using a generic search engine where no registration is required
Overt passive membership	Accessing social media by logging into a social media forum or community site using an MB(Eaccount and passively observing individuals (e.g. Facebook)
Social media	The collective of online communication channels dedicated to community-based input, interaction, content-sharing and collaboration, websites and applications dedicated to forums, microblogging, social networking, social bookmarking, social curation and wikis are all examples of social media.
Stand-alone computer	Any laptop or desktop computer that can run local applications on its own without needing a connection to the MBIE network. Although it may be connected to a network, it is still a stand-alone computer as long as the network connection is not required for its general use.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

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### Assess risk of using social media and determine access method

### 1. High-level risks

The use of social media for verification and investigation purposes in support of regulatory, compliance and enforcement work needs to be a considered decision. Information gathered from social media may or may not be valuable and, irrespectively, accessing the information carries risks that must be managed.

At a high level, the risks of using social media to gather information for verification and investigation purposes to support regulatory, compliance and enforcement work may be to:

- the rights of New Zealand's citizens and visitors
- · the personal safety of staff or their family
- the security of MBIE's ICT network
- MBIE's reputation and legal liability
- the work of other agencies domestically and internationally—should MBIE's activities inadvertently overlap with their activities.

### 2. Use of personal networks, devices and accounts are prohibited

Risks cannot be managed if staff use personal networks, personal devices or personal accounts for searching social media for verification or investigation purposes, therefore these methods are prohibited.

Staff are required to use MBIE's network, devices or accounts, or standalone systems, as agreed as part of the approvals process:

### 3. Methods of access

The risks associated with the use of social media vary depending on the method used to access the information. MBIE has identified four methods for accessing information from social media. In order of preferred use, with the most preferred and least risk first, they are:

Method	Purpose	What this looks like
Open (unregistered) searching -no account required -no approval required	To confirm or validate concerns using information that is publicly available and not subject to personalised privacy settings.	Accessing social media information using a generic search engine where no account registration or logging in is required (e.g. searching on a person's name using Google). Is undertaken using MBIE device and network.
Overt passive membership  -use of @mbie.govt.nz account  -approval required	To access and confirm or validate information that may be considered publicly available but is subject to personalised privacy settings that require an account login to view.	Accessing information via social media community membership that requires an account and to be logged in, using an MBIE-profile (@mbie.govt.nz), and only passively viewing information. This applies to social media communities like Facebook or LinkedIn and when logged in to search engines like Google Groups.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Next Review: 01/05/18

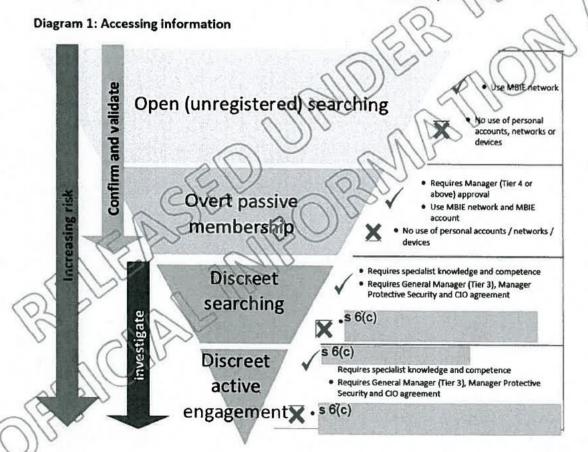
Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee

Procedure Owner: Manager Protective Security Corporate Governance and Information

Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

Discreet searching (false persona) -use of false persona account -approval required	To investigate a specific personal entity in relation to a specific task or case, when it would not be appropriate for the MBIE staff member's identity to be revealed.	s 6(c)
Discreet active engagement (false persona) -use of false persona account -approval required -systems required	To directly engage a specific personal entity in relation to a specific case, when it would not be appropriate for the MBIE staff member's identity to be revealed.	s 6(c)

The diagram below summarises the four access methods and how they are used,



Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

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Next Review: 01/05/18

### Confirm access option for using social media

### 1. Open (unregistered) searching

### Description

MBIE's preferred search method is to use a generic search engine to gather information from social media on individuals or entities. In practice, this means using the MBIE ICT network and then typing the name of the person or entity directly into Google (or another search engine) and observing only what is returned.

Social Search Engines are another option that allow you to view material without logging in to any specific social media platform, for example:

- s 6(c)

If you are gathering information via social media for the purpose of confirming or validating aspects of a case or decision to be made, this is the recommended approach to take.

### **Training**

All staff using open (unregistered) searching must complete the Social Media for Verification and Investigation – Foundation training course available through Learn@MBIE

### Approval

Open (unregistered) searching for work purposes, does not require approval. Essentially this approach is a Google search. Staff do not need permission for non-login searching of the internet. Everyone searches Google and may find social media information, not subject to privacy settings, in this way.

### 2. Overt passive membership

This estimilar to open (corregistered) searching, except that you are required to register and log in, whereasing the risk level. This engagement method should only be used to verify and confirm information and does require management approval.

As soon as you encounter any information that may lead to a formal investigation, you must obtain the appropriate approvals and switch to discreet searching (false persona) or discreet active engagement (false persona).

When registering with the social media site, you must be clearly identified as part of MBIE and so must create and use an MBIE branded profile, i.e. <u>firstname.lastname@mbie.govt.nz</u>.

### Training

All staff using overt passive membership must complete the <u>Social Media for Verification and Investigation – Foundation</u> training course available through Learn@MBIE.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee

Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

Next Review: 01/05/18

<sup>1</sup> Depending on the privacy settings of the account holder, staff may be able to view all, some, or none of their social media information.

### Approval

Overt passive membership for work purposes must be approved by your Manager (Tier 4 or above). The request and approval should be made by email, using the template at Appendix 1, and saved in your branch filing system for future reference.

Approving managers also have discretion to jointly grant permission to undertake overt passive membership either at an individual or at a business unit level and on a one off or ongoing basis. Where ongoing approval is granted, this must be reviewed and updated on an annual basis.

### 3. Discreet searching (false persona)

Discreet searching is used for verification or investigation into matters where grounds for further information gathering have been identified. The decision to transition from overt passive membership to discreet searching will be assessed on a case by case basis. Where there is a risk to the staff member or MBIE, should the identity of the staff member or the organisation performing the searching be revealed, it is recommended discreet searching using a false persona is used.

Discreet searching is:

- s 6(c)
- s 6(c)
- passive you must not post, like, share, message or friend any of the individuals or entities
  you are viewing.

Even with passive use be aware that if you log in to ocial media and view other people's accounts you may show up in an equivalent of a "who's viewed your profile" panel (as happens with LinkedIn).

Discreet searching has risks to your personal safety as well as for the security of MBIE's ICT network. For these reasons, false personal used for discreet searching must be carefully established, maintained and replaced as set out in the <u>Social Media False Persona Guidelines</u>. You will agree the most appropriate option for your work with the Chief Information Officer and Manager Protective Security as part of the approval process.

### Training

Those staff that need to access social media using a false persona must complete both the <u>Social Media for Verification</u> and Investigation — Foundation course and the <u>Social Media for Verification</u> and Investigation — Advanced course, available through Learn@MBIE.

### Approval

Discreet searching (false persona) for work purposes must be approved using the template at Appendix 2, and saved in your branch filing system for future reference.

Your General Manager (Tier 3) will approve any request to undertake discreet searching, confirming this is appropriate for the business.

The Chief Information Officer will approve the information management approach and the technology tool used to complete the task.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Next Review: 01/05/18

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

The Manager Protective Security will approve the approach from a security perspective.

Approving managers also have discretion to jointly grant permission to undertake discreet searching either at an individual or at a business unit level and on a one-off or ongoing basis. Where ongoing approval is granted, this must be reviewed and updated on an annual basis.

Where a request is urgent, that is, access to social media is required more quickly than the usual process allows, the request can be escalated to the respective branch Deputy Chief Executive to approve.

### 4. Discreet active engagement (false persona)

Discreet active engagement is where a social media account is used with a false persona to actively engage with an individual or entity. Discreet active engagement is a specialised area of expertise, requiring particular competence, and should only be used where there is appropriate cause to investigate using this method.

MBIE does not encourage active engagement using a false personal because the personal and reputational risks increase significantly. If you consider discreet active engagement is necessary, then your manager must consult with their General Manager (Tier 3), the Manager Protective Security and the Chief Information Officer to determine next steps.

You must set up a new social media account under a false persona for each investigation that requires discreet active engagement. A single social media account must not be used across more than one investigation, to avoid compromising either the account or the investigation, as set out in the <u>Social Media False Persona Guidelines</u>.

s 6(c)

You will agree the most

appropriate option for your work with the Chief Information Officer and Manager Protective Security as part of the approval process.

Training

Those staff that need to access social media using a false persona must complete both the <u>Social Media for Verification and Investigation – Foundation course and the Social Media for Verification and Investigation – Advanced course</u>, available through Learn@MBIE.

Approval

Discreet active engagement (false persona) for work purposes must be approved using the template at Appendix 2, and saved in your branch filing system for future reference.

Our General Manager (Tier 3) will approve any request to undertake discreet active engagement, confirming this is appropriate for the business.

The Chief Information Officer will approve the information management approach and the technology tool used to complete the task.

The Manager Protective Security will approve the approach from a security perspective.

Approving managers also have discretion to jointly grant permission to undertake discreet active engagement either at an individual or at a business unit level and on a one-off or ongoing basis. Where ongoing approval is granted, this must be reviewed and updated on an annual basis.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee

Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

Next Review: 01/05/18

Where a request is urgent, that is, access to social media is required more quickly than the usual process allows, the request can be escalated to the respective branch Deputy Chief Executive to approve.

### Complete training for using social media

### 1. Foundation course

All staff using social media must complete the <u>Social Media for Verification and Investigation – Foundation</u> course before requesting approval to access and use information from social media.

The Foundation course is available through Learn@MBIE.

### 2. Advanced course

Those staff that need to access social media using a false persona must also complete the <u>Social Media for Verification and Investigation – Advanced</u> course (or equivalent).

The Advanced course is available through Learn@MBIE.

### Obtain approval for using social media

### 1. Approval form

All requests to access and use information from social media must be submitted using the appropriate template. See Appendices 1 and 2

All approval forms must be saved in the branch filing system

### 2. Individual or group approval

All staff using social media most gain appropriate approval for the access option they use. Approval to use social media for work purposes will usually be given on an individual, case-by-case basis.

Where the use of social media is a constant part of a business unit's work, approving managers will have discretion to grant ongoing permission to undertake information gathering via social media at a business unit level.

### Approval for MBIE staff working overseas

MBIE staff working off shore will follow the same approval processes as other staff, with additional approval steps from the Operations Manager, Risk Manager and Area Manager.

The Risk Manager is required to assess the social media request to determine if there are any local factors that pose an additional risk to MBIE. Local factors can include legal, operational or security factors.

The Risk Manager is responsible for obtaining local advice on the legality of the request. If legal advice has been provided previously for a similar request, then the Risk Manager can take that into account rather than obtaining additional local legal advice. The Risk Manager and their local legal advisor will consult with MBIE Legal New Zealand, where necessary, to clarify any legal risks or concerns.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee

Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

Next Review: 01/05/18

### 4. Approvers' roles and responsibilities

The approval roles and responsibilities are summarised in the following table.

Role	Responsibilities
Chief Security Officer (CSO)	Approve the process and procedures for MBIE staff using social media for verification and investigation purposes to support regulatory, compliance and enforcement work.
Protective Security Requirements (PSR) Governance Committee	Review the process and procedures, and recommend changes and / or acceptance to the CSO.
Managers (Tier 4)	Approve requests to use overt passive membership of social media for verification and investigation purposes.
General Managers (Tier 3)	Responsible for health, safety and security of their staff. Approve requests to use discreet searching and discreet active engagement of social media for verification and investigation purposes.
Chief Information Officer(CIO)	Approve use of technology that provides a safe platform for discreet searching and discreet active engagement use of social media for verification and investigation purposes. Ensure information management is safe and appropriate.
Manager Protective Security	Approve that the approach to discreet searching and discreet active engagement use of social media, for verification and investigation purposes, is appropriately secure. Responsible for the maintenance of the process and procedures.
All Managers	Ensure all staff using social media for verification and investigation purposes have undertaken the appropriate training and complete the appropriate registers of use.
All Steff	Ensure the use of social media for verification and investigation purposes is undertaken in an appropriate manner.
Off-shore Risk Operations and Area Manager	Approve requests for off-shore use of social media. Determines if there are any local factors that pose an additional risk to MBIE.
Ris V	Integrated Regulatory Compliance Branch responsible for the central register – a summary of the individual unit registers.
Deputy Chief Executive	Approves urgent social media requests where social media access is required more quickly than the normal process would allow.

### 5. Approval costs

Approving the request for use of social media confirms the business manager agrees to fund the necessary training, systems or equipment required to enable their staff to use social media in a safe and secure manner for work purposes.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee

Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

Next Review: 01/05/18

An overview of the process for using social media for verification and investigation purposes is given in Appendix 3.

### Set up systems for using social media

### 1. Establishment, maintenance and termination of false persona

The <u>False Persona Guidelines</u> must be used to set up, maintain and terminate false personas to be used for Discreet Searching (false persona) and discreet active engagement (false persona). Where a team is a high user of social media for verification and investigation purposes, it may be appropriate to set up and maintain a suite of false personas.

### 2. Register of accounts and use of social media

Each unit of a branch using social media must maintain a register of use; using the <u>social Media Usage Register template</u> on the Critical Risk Management hub, and save it in their unit filing system. The register must be updated when social media is used for verification and investigation purposes in support of regulatory, compliance and enforcement work if you wish to change the structure of the Usage Register, this must be agreed with the Integrated Regulatory Compliance Branch (IRCB).

Where a social media request is declined, the declined request and reason for the decline is to be logged in the decline table.

A central register will be maintained by the RCB. A copy of the unit register must be sent to IRCB each month at <u>socialmedia.registries@mble.govt</u>. The central register will provide a summary of the use of discreet searching (false persona) and discreet active engagement (false persona) and allow oversight of the use of social media within MBIE.

### 3. How to manage the collection and storage of evidence

The collection and storage of information will be managed as agreed in the approval process. This will usually involve taking screenshots and saving them into Word documents. These documents need to be saved within an appropriately secure filing structure. The information collected should be noted in the register.

Equipment required for use of social media

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You will agree the most appropriate option for your work with the Chief Information Officer and Manager Protective Security as part of the approvals

### Monitoring the use of social media

As this is a new process, it is important to understand how staff respond to the changes in the use of social media, while ensuring the procedures are fit for purpose now and in the future as new social media platforms arise.

The use of social media across MBIE will be monitored by IRCB and the Protective Security Team, to gather information on the use, benefits, costs and issues of using social media as set out in these procedures. The monitoring will be used to refine the procedures and ensure staff are operating within the process to keep themselves safe online. Monitoring will include the:

### branch/units using social media

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Next Review: 01/05/18

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes to support regulatory, compliance and enforcement work

- · use of social media access options
- · use of social media sites
- value of the information gathered through social media for verification and investigation work, including number and type of cases
- · number of staff completing social media training and the cost of it
- · suitability and cost of equipment
- compliance by staff with the social media procedure.

### The Privacy Act and the use of social media

Information posted on social media is subject to the Privacy Act 1993 if the information is about an individual. The main requirements are that:

- the collection of the information is necessary for a lawful purpose connected to the function of the agency
- information is collected lawfully and fairly and in a manner that does not unreasonably intrude on the individual
- information is accurate and where possible corroborated
- information is held and transferred safely and securely
- information is only used and shared for the reasons it has been collected.

Staff using overt passive membership, discreet searching and discreet active engagement methods to access and collect information through social media for verification and investigation purposes to support compliance, regulatory and enforcement work, must comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act 1993.

To evidence compliance with the Privacy Act, staff must produce a plan that demonstrates why social fried is being used and how it will be used. This plan must clearly document what staff intend to do; what they have considered and what training they have undertaken, to adequately defend actions if challenged. Staff should use the appropriate approval template to do this, and ensure that they complete the Social Media Usage Register.

### Official information Act requests for details about social media

Any Official Information (OIA) Act request for details about social media information held about an individual is managed using the usual OIA process.

the decision is that the request is appropriate to comply with, details will be pulled from the Social Media Usage Register and agreed approach as given in the approval documents.

Care will need to be taken to ensure information about MBIE staff and non-related individuals are redacted from any material provided.

### Appendix 1: Template for approval of overt passive membership for an individual or business unit

	staff member	Name, position, unit and group.
	to use social work purposes	Include whether the request is at individual or business unit level and whether it is for a one off or ongoing use.
Rationale i using socia	for accessing and al media	This section must include the valid and lawful reason for accessing social media – the specifics on what the information is intended to assist with – the purpose.
Plan for co informatio media	llecting n from social	how the staff member will record their social media search activities.     how the staff member will ensure that only information relevant to the purpose is collected     how information from social media will be verified using other sources.     how the rights of the public in relation to searches by the State are considered and protected.
Where and informatio and secure	n will be safely	For example: Capture a screen shot of the relevant material and then crop or effective the top and sides of the frame to ensure that the account identity used to gather the information is not revealed. Ensure that the information is named with the access date.  Provide directions to where the information will be securely stored, including who has access rights and directions to the unit's Social Media Usage Register.
Competen	In Je	Confirmation that all staff members to whom this approval relates have completed the Use of Social Media for Verification and Investigation — Foundation training course.
Jests	Operations Manager review	This may be a physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this plan
approvalsority	Risk Manager assessment	Details the outcome of the risk assessment and whether there are any local factors that-pose an additional risk to MBIE. Local factors can include legal, operational, or security factors.  Risk Manager notes whether local legal advice has been obtained and when it
These three approva completed for off-sh	Area Manager approval	was obtained.  This may be a physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this plan and acceptance of the risk assessment.
Manager (1 approval	Γier 4 or above)	This may be a physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this plan, date of approval and a date for review (usually annual).

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Next Review: 01/05/18

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

### Appendix 2: Template for approval of discreet searching or discreet active engagement for an individual or business unit

etails	of staff member	Name, position, unit and group.
eques	ting to use social for work purposes	Include whether the request is at individual or business unit level and whether is for a one off or ongoing use.
	ale for accessing ing social media	This section must include the valid and lawful reason for accessing social media – the specifics on what the information is intended to assist with—the purpose
	r collecting ation from social	<ul> <li>what systems and tools will be used to safely access social media.</li> <li>how the staff member will record their social media search activities.</li> <li>how the staff member will ensure that only information relevant to the purpose is collected.</li> <li>how information from social media will be verified using other sources.</li> <li>how the rights of the public in relation to searches by the State are considered and protected.</li> <li>how the false persona will be created and what will happen to the false persona at the end of the investigation.</li> </ul>
nform	and how the ation will be safely curely stored	For example: Capture a screen shot of the relevant material and then crop or obscure the top and sides of the frame to ensure that the account identity used to gather the information is not revealed. Ensure that the information is named with the access date.  Provide a link to where the information will be securely stored, including who has access rights and directions to the unit's Social Media Usage Register.
ompe	tence	Confirmation that all staff members to whom this approval relates have completed both the Use of Social Media for Verification and Investigation – Foundation training course and the Use of Social Media for Verification and Investigation – Advanced training course (or equivalent).
Zigit Stsain	Operations Manager review	This may be a physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this plan.
These three approvals only completed for off-shore requests	Risk Manager assessment	Details the outcome of the risk assessment and whether there are any local factors that-pose an additional risk to MBIE. Local factors can include legal, operational or security factors.  Risk Manager notes whether local legal advice has been obtained and when it was obtained.
The	Area Manager approval	This may be a physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this pla and acceptance of the risk assessment.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

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Next Review: 01/05/18

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes to support regulatory, compliance and enforcement work

General Manager (Tier 3) approval	This may be physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this plan.
Chief Information Officer approval	This may be physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this plan.
Manager Protective Security approval	This may be physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this plan.
Deputy Chief Executive (urgent requests)	For urgent requests, the DCE for the group can approve the request.  This may be physical signature or embedded email with agreement to this plan.

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

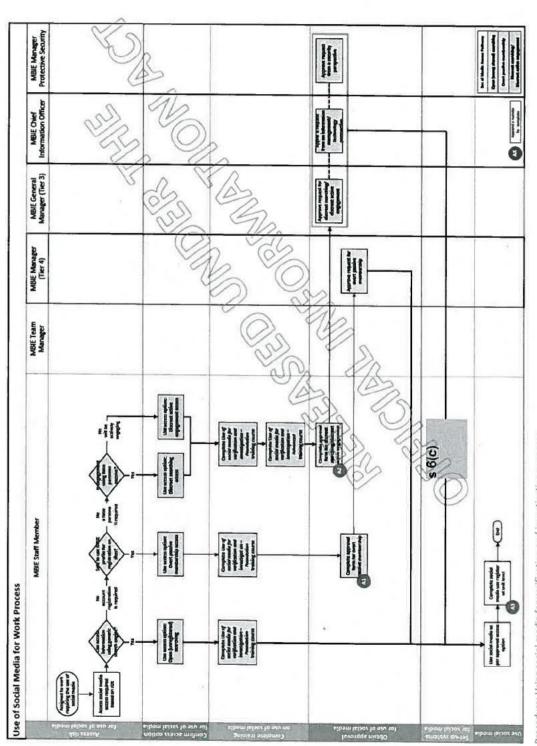
Date of issue: 28 April 2017

Approved: Protective Security Requirements Governance Committee

Procedure Author: Lance Goodall

Next Review: 01/05/18

Appendix 3: Process Overview



Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of Issue: 28 April 2017

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Next Review: 01/05/18

# Appendix 4: Social Media Usage Register

Access Date / Time Work Branch Identification Rumber Social Media User Name Social media register of social media requests that have been decilined are to be logged.  Name Work Branch Social media trigger / reason for Decilined Areason for De	Date approved	Type of method used	What was the result of the search?	Was any Information coptured?	What information was stored?	Where is the material
A register of social media requests that have been declined are to be logged.  Work Branch Social media trigger / reason  Vonit for access	The state of the s					stored?
A register of social media requests that have been declined are to be logged.  Work Branch Social media trigger / reason for Decline for access					1691	
Name Nork Branch Social media trigger / reason for Define Reason for Define Reason for Define Reason for Define for access	TO CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE					
Work Branch Social media trigger / reason / Unit	DateDell	760				
	1					

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

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Next Review: 01/05/18

## Appendix 5: Supporting documents

- Use of Social Media for Verification and Investigation Purposes Factsheet
- http://s 6(c)

- Use of Social Media for Verification and Investigation Purposes Usage Register

   http://s 6(6)

   http://s 6(6)

   GCT Acceptable Use Policy:

  ICT Acceptable Use Policy:

  ICT Acceptable Use Policy:

  ICT Acceptable Use Policy:

  Vale of Conduct:

  Vale of Conduct

  Vale of Conduct

  Te Social Media Policy:

  Vale of Conduct

  V

Records Management Policy

Privacy Act 1993:

Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

Date of issue: 28 April 2017

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Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes to support regulatory, compliance and enforcement work

### Privacy Act 1993

- Threat and Intimidation Response Procedure:
- Threat and Intimidation Response Procedure
- Staff Personal Security Procedure:

Staff Security Procedure



Procedure: Using social media for verification and investigation purposes

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